The Columbian.

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The Columbian.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1887.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXI NO 4
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL I, NO 45

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1 inch	$ 75	1 25	1 50	2 50	3 00	4 50	7 00
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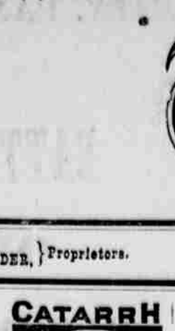

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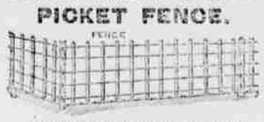

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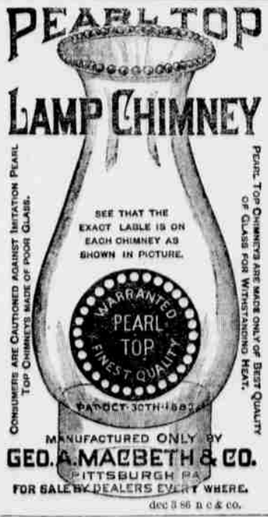

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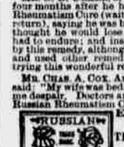

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RETRIBUTION.

BY "THE DUCHESS."

CHAPTER I.

The coffee and toast are suffering, the eggs and kidneys are growing cold, the butler is looking distinctly aggrieved, and Sir Thomas, lifting his head from his well aired Times, gazes across the table cloth, with a solemnity even more pronounced than usual, at his stepson, Granit Boyle.

"Your mother is late again this morning," he says testily. "This is, indeed, the third time this week she has been behind time."

"Old age begins to assert itself," suggests the younger man carelessly.

Something in the indifference of his tone nettles Sir Thomas. His brow contracts, and he stares angrily at the other, betraying how very little love is lost between them.

"Age has nothing to do with it. Your mother is not failing in any way, however much that thought may find favor with you! Your entrance into your kingdom will not be yet, I hope and believe."

This reference to his inheritance of a considerable estate on his mother's death raises a smile upon Boyle's lips and a contemptuous movement of his shoulders.

"I see no disgrace in old age myself," he says. "It has its drawbacks, perhaps"—with a look of studied insolence at Sir Thomas—"but its privileges too." He laughs slowly. "As you see, my mother is late—her privilege is to oversleep herself."

"Your mother, sir, has not been the same woman since the robbery of her jewel case, a month since. It has preyed upon her cruelly, as any one—who—who"—in his odd, fuming manner—"had a spark of feeling in them might have seen. But you are too devoted to your racing, your cards, your town dissipations, to spare a thought for one of the best women, the best mothers, who ever"——

His indignation is cut short in a very summary manner. The door is flung wide, and Lady Valworth, entering, totters to the nearest arm chair and sinks into it.

"Oh! Thomas! Oh! good heavens!" she cries. "The diamonds!"

Sir Thomas, flinging down The Times, starts to his feet, and turns to her.

"Why the deuce can't you speak, Lucinda!" says he.

"They are gone!—gone, I tell you! I've searched everywhere, and they are not to be found. This is the second robbery—and where is the fault to be laid! What on earth is to be done!" The poor woman, growing quite hysterical, covers her face with her hands, and sobs aloud.

"Your diamonds! The family diamonds! Bless my soul! Has the world come to an end!" cries Sir Thomas. "But there must be some mistake. When"—putting on his most magisterial air—"did you see them last!"

"Three nights ago. I wore them at the Eyers' dinner. You remember, Granit? You came with us."

"Yes, I remember," says Granit.

"It is absurd. It is outrageous! Is there no law in the land!" fumes Sir Thomas. "Have you sent for the police—a detective"——

"Of what use was the detective we got down from town about my emeralds!" asks Lady Valworth despondingly. "No; it is a conspiracy—a deeply rooted one!"

"Nonsense!" growls Sir Thomas; "it's burglars. D'ye see your mother's concern, Granit—what do you think, eh!"

"Servants, I should say," laconically.

"Oh, my dear Granit!" cries his mother. "But which amongst them would you first suspect? We have had excellent characters with them all; and Johanna, as you know, has been with me for twenty-eight years—in fact, ever since you were born. Her character is surely established."

"It is the people with established characters who invariably enrich themselves at the expense of their employers. In the long run, they reward themselves for the years of correct living that they have endured. Take my advice, and keep your eye on Johanna."

He laughs cynically. There is, indeed, what one might almost believe to be an under current of amusement in his tone.

"This Johanna should, indeed, be well known to you!" breaks in Sir Thomas; "she was your nurse, I believe. She, as I have learned, is devtoed to you—has given you almost a mother's love."

He is gazing at the younger man with a slow scorn in his old, but yet brilliant, eyes.

"Surely all that is no reason why I should seek to defraud justice of its dues," says the young man, with an indolent uplifting of his brows. "You, as a magistrate, would surely not suggest such a course?"

"What d'ye mean, sir?" cries Sir Thomas, turning upon him so fiercely that Lady Valworth, who has had cause to dread a collision between them, rushes into the breach.

"Pray reserve discussion, however amicable, until later on," she implores excitedly. "I cannot listen to it now. I am so unstrung—so wretched. The emeralds were bad enough; but if nothing comes of the loss of these diamonds I don't believe I shall get over it. If they had been my own, I shouldn't so much have cared; but being yours, Sir Thomas, and expected by your heir—I"——

She breaks down again, and subsides into tears and her handkerchief.

"Now I must beg you will not so allude to this unfortunate affair," says Sir Thomas, a strong affection underlying the pomposity of his manner. "Let nothing outside the loss itself distress you—and, besides, there may be no loss; all yet is mere conjecture. Recovery of these jewels (if, indeed, they are gone) is sure."

"Positively certain," says Granit Boyle, with his inscrutable smile.

"In the meantime, as you are so unstrung, I shall recommend you a change," says Sir Thomas, laying his hand very kindly upon his wife's. "Go to town for a month or so, to your sister, Mrs. Brand—she always does you good—and leave me here to fight out this mystery."

But though he fights it out hardly, so far as money and perseverance can go, nothing comes of his exertions. The family diamonds have vanished as entirely, as mysteriously, as did the emeralds belonging to his wife a month before.

CHAPTER II.

Lady Valworth had been rather glad to avail herself of Sir Thomas' suggestion to spend a few weeks in town with her sister, Mrs. Brand—a fashionable woman of the world with a very kindly heart, who, childless herself, had adopted the daughter of a dead sister, now a charming girl of seventeen, and engaged to Granit Boyle, her cousin. She is, however, hardly to be regarded as a young lady fairly launched upon the world, as she is still undergoing a course of study with various masters, and reading in German three times a week with a governess—a girl of about her own age, who had lived so much abroad as to be an almost naturalized Prussian.

Nadine Roche counted herself lucky when she sought and found employment in the home of Mrs. Brand. She had drunk sufficiently deep of the waters of affliction to be almost on the borders of despair, when Fate, who is not always unkind, shunted her on to the line that led to, at least, a glimpse of prosperity. Her pupil blossomed into her friend. Mrs. Brand took a special fancy to her. Her feet seemed to have dropped into the primrose way, and she felt at last, poor little soul, that she could lift her head to heaven with the firm assurance that she could walk, without fear of falling, upon the earth beneath.

Her pupil, Millicent Grey, is almost as pretty as she is, if not quite. A tall, stately girl with fringed lids, from which the brown eyes look out as if in wonderment at the world outside, and soft sleek hair of a dark shade, that contrasts oddly with her retrousse nose, and that is so altogether put in the shade by the charming Grecian feature that distinguishes her governess. To many people, indeed, Nadine's merry mouth, and fair dancing locks, and eyes blue as a cavern sea, would have had their objections; but the child herself is so sweet, so gay, so suggestive of all things good and pure, that it would be impossible to regard her in any light except a kindly one.

With only the memory of a dear father—who had been a general in the Prussian army, although an Englishman—and a mother, very dear, but very dependent, to sustain her, Nadine, up to her connection with Mrs. Brand, had been compelled to look at life through anything but rose colored spectacles. And of late a chance of still surer escape from her dreary surroundings has suggested itself to her. Into her life (how, she hardly knew) a young man has fallen, who, while declaring his love for her, has at the same time repelled her almost as much as he attracts her. There had been a slight touch of romance in the manner of their meeting, but yet nothing very worthy of comment. A dull January night, ignorant of stars—a crowded crossing—a young man who had kindly come to her rescue in the absence of the necessary policeman, and who had piloted her across, through the tangled mass of vehicles, and landed her safely on the pavement at the other side. He had laughed aside her thanks, and when she had insisted on them, had demanded largesse in the shape of permission to escort her to her home. "The night was so dark, so stormy, so destitute of comfort in any form, and she was so evidently timid about the conquering of those terrible rubicons, the crossings, and he was so entirely master of his time for the next four hours."

It hardly took him one, however, to guide her to her home. She had steadily declined his offer of cabs or hansoms, but had felt it ungracious to refuse him further when he said he would traverse the distance with her on foot. In truth, she had been glad of his escort, and not altogether blind to the beauty of his face; and yet, as I have said, there was a repulsion as well as a fascination even then in her feelings toward him.

There was one other thing that puzzled her. Had she seen him before? Those marked features, those soft brilliant eyes—were they familiar? It seemed to her that somewhere in the rather immediate past she had seen him; but yet when he so kindly came to her aid on that crossing, just as she left Mrs. Brand's house, she could not connect him with any place or period, and after a while felt that her imagination had played her false in the matter.

When he had taken her home that night he had stood lingeringly upon the door step, until at last, in an uncertain way, half reluctant, half longing, half desirous of his departure, half eager to show some gratitude to one who had been so courteously kind, she had asked him to come in and let her make him known to her mother. The invitation was accepted with alacrity. Mrs. Roche, a gentle, tender voiced woman, received him with a little soft dignity that astonished him; and two hours later, when he left them, as they fondly but erroneously believed, on his way to his bed, he laughed aloud to himself on the deserted pavements of that anything but aristocratic neighborhood, as he called to mind how he had indulged in tea and toast at that hour, and enjoyed them too. What eyes that girl had! What a mouth! How gentle, how sweet, how lovable! Yet there was a fire about her too, that suggested many things, and made the pulses beat, and added ten thousand charms to those she already possessed. Well! He had lost his dinner, certainly, gazing at those beaux yeux, but there was always one's club, the gods be praised! and a supper that would be undeniable.

The acquaintance, thus opened, had been followed up with an ardor that perhaps astonished no one so much as the young man himself. He soon—astonishingly soon, as it appeared to Mrs. Roche—mastered the hours of Nadine's days. Knew when she was off duty and when on. Never put in an appearance on the Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays on which she gave her German lessons to Millicent Grey, Mrs. Brand's niece; but on invariably dropped in on the afternoons of Monday, Wednesday and Friday. On Sunday his visits were uncertain, but he came even on that day more than he stayed away.

Mrs. Roche was troubled a little about him at first, but grew accustomed to him later on, and admiring him intensely as she did (regarding him, indeed, as a breath from that old world in which she once had moved, but which had proved cold and forgetful when fortune's sun went down upon her life), was openly glad and gratified when one day her daughter came to her and told her how Mr. Annerley had asked her to marry him, and how she had given him "Yes" for his answer.

The girl had not seemed either elated or, indeed, moved in any way when telling her story, but had sighed rather, and been a little petluant and impatient—a most strange thing for her—during the remainder of the evening.

Paul Annerley had followed up his proposal by a graceful word or two to the girl's mother that had more than prepossessed her in his favor, and the courtship had run ever since very smoothly, all things considered—the man being passionately in love, the maiden cool, if always gentle and sweet, and as adorable in manner as in face.

From the first Mr. Annerley had been extremely open about himself and his prospects. He would talk continually of "our office," and was always positively eager to enter into any question that related to his status in life, his "business," as he called it, or his income.

"It is neither big nor small now," he would say, with his charming smile, that showed all his beautiful teeth, and lit up his handsome eyes. "But it will improve. I have many irons in the fire, and one sure thing, should all else fail. No, I never tempt Providence too far. I despise the man who puts his all upon the die. I would have a reserve fund somewhere, however small it might be. Not that I should speak despairingly either"—with another brilliant smile—"of the little I can really call my own. It is sufficient to give bread and butter at least to not only one, but two—perhaps, indeed, three, should the desires be modest."

Here the handsome eyes fell meaningly upon pretty Miss Roche bending over her knitting, and then pass on to Mrs. Roche with an even more meaning expression in them, that the good lady would catch and dwell on afterward with a maternal delight.

Ah! if her Nadine could but be placed beyond the fear of poverty—beyond the hateful drudgery of teaching. If her daily bread might be earned for her, instead of the dear feet being pressed every day into the tollsome path of labor! Yes; certainly Paul was very open, very explanatory about his prospects; though, perhaps, after all, the explanations did not amount to much. He had an office—somewhere. An extraordinary press of business—sometimes! He was utterly destitute of relations—his father and mother having died when he was "quite a little fellow," and he was an only child. His sisters, his cousins and his aunts had no resting place upon the face of the earth—he was, as he would remark often in his deep pathetic tones, "alone in the world." He had friends, of course. Oh, yes! Every man

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell,
J. K. Sittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1887.

Ex-governor Pattison and Ex-Secretary of the Commonwealth Stenger have formed a law partnership, and opened an office in Philadelphia.

Sheriff Rowan of Philadelphia is hopelessly insane, and legal steps are contemplated to remove him from office.

A three year-old son of Governor Beaver died last Saturday night of diphtheria, and was buried on Sunday. He was the pet of the household, and Mrs. Beaver has been prostrated by the blow. A little son of Pattison's died of the same disease soon after Pattison's inauguration.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* of the 22d says that a House bill has been reported favorably, from committee providing for an additional judge in Columbia county. This is a mistake. No such bill has been introduced, and if it had been it would never have gone through the committee, as it would be clearly unconstitutional on several grounds.

Superintendent Grimes' reply to a writer in the *Sentinel* of last week who insinuates that the surplus funds received at the county institutes has been appropriated by Mr. Grimes to his own use, seems to be clear and satisfactory, and ought to put a stop to the annual repetition of this charge. He has thus far publicly accounted for all money in his hands.

Legislative Committees.

Senator Metzger is on the following committees: Federal Relations, Judiciary Local, Banks, Retrenchment and Reform, Congressional Apportionment.

Representative Fritz, is on the following: Congressional Apportionment, Bureau of Statistics, Judiciary General, Retrenchment and Reform.

Representative Fox is on the following: Agriculture, Centennial Affairs, Judiciary Local.

Democratic State Committee.

The Democratic State Committee met at Harrisburg last week Wednesday.

Cairman Hensel having called the committee to order J. Marshall Wright Esq., one of the original opponents of Philadelphia, moved that Dallas Sanders, Esq., be elected chairman by acclamation. Colonel E. H Rauch, of Carbon, moved to amend by substituting the name of Eckley B. Coxe, of Luzerne, and supported his amendment in a vigorous speech. He was sustained in this by Mr. Burke, of Lackawanna. E. P. Kisner, Esq., of Luzerne, who is a close friend of ex-Senator Coxe was not a candidate and would not accept an election under the circumstances. He desired to withdraw Mr. Coxe's name, but this was not permitted. A vote was then taken on the amendment, which resulted in ayes 15, noes 39. The original resolution was then adopted by an almost unanimous vote. The committee then took a recess until 7:30 o'clock.

The committee reassembled at 7 o'clock, and at once proceeded to elect seven members of the executive committee. Thirteen names were presented, as follows: Allegheny, W. J. Brennen; Bedford, E. F. Kerr; Crawford, James M. Guffey; Erie, W. L. Scott; Elk, Harry Alvin Hall; Huntingdon, R. Bruce Petrikin; Lehigh, R. E. Wright; Luzerne, Eckley B. Coxe; Mercer, James A. Stranahan; Northumberland, James H. McDevitt; Lycoming, J. Henry Cochran; Westmoreland, Dr. H. L. Donnelly; Wayne, George S. Purdy. On the first ballot Messrs. Brennen, Kerr, Scott, Wright, Coxe, McDevitt and Cochran were chosen.

The committee then proceeded to fix the place for the next state convention. Harrisburg, Allentown, and Pittsburg were nominated, and the ballot resulted: Harrisburg, 28 1-2 votes; Allentown, 22 1-2 votes, and Pittsburg 6 votes. The fixing of the date of the convention was left to be determined at the next meeting of the committee, which will be held in Harrisburg in May.

Mr. Huckenstein offered the following resolutions which was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That in Governor Pattison the democratic party has had a most faithful officer to whose administration we point with pride as he leaves the gubernatorial chair, clean and pure as he announced when he took his seat and so endorsed by both parties. He has served the people in the true meaning of the constitution and has delivered the government of the commonwealth once more from all jobbers; he has been the most earnest exponent of the people's rights and has fearlessly and earnestly held sacred the trust put in him when elected that private citizens have rights that even combined monopoly of corporations must respect.

The same gentleman offered the following which was likewise adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That we hereby express our feeling of unwavering confidence in President Cleveland and proudly and gratefully refer to his faithful application of the democratic principles of reform; to his strict adherance to the platform of the last national democratic convention held at Chicago, and to his wise and conservative policy of administering for the best interest of the people of the United States.

Mr. Harley, of Schuylkill, offered the following which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the committee recommends an alteration in rule one so as to make it read, "The state committee shall consist of one member from each county and in addition any county that is entitled to more than one state senator shall have an additional member for each additional senator. The chairman of the local organization shall be ex-officio member of the state committee. Additional members in counties entitled to them shall be appointed in such manner as the local regulations of their respective county organizations may determine."

Mr. Moran offered the following:

Resolved, That the county committee be requested to make a thorough party organization in each election district in their respective counties and that they be requested to report to this committee through their chairman the condition of such organization at the next meeting to be held on the 2d of May next.

Murray Rush, of Delaware, offered the following:

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed by the chair to recommend a uniform plan for making senatorial and congressional nominations throughout the state; said plan to be presented to this committee at its next meeting.

Mr. Brown, of Clarion, offered the following:

Resolved, That the apportionment of delegates to the state convention be based on the vote cast at the last preceding gubernatorial or presidential election, whichever shall have last occurred.

John H. Sloom, of Philadelphia, offered the following:

Resolved, That the distinguished services rendered to the democratic party of Pennsylvania by the retiring chairman, W. U. Hensel, of the committee, merit an expression of the strongest confidence of this great party in him both as an exponent of pure democratic principles and as an honorable gentleman and useful citizen, therefore, further

Resolved, That this body as the representative of the democratic party of Pennsylvania does, in the name of that party, tender to the Hon. W. U. Hensel its thanks for laborious and eminent services, and accompanying the same with an expression of continued confidence and best wishes for his future prosperity.

The work of the committee having been completed the committee adjourned.

Legislation at Harrisburg.

The following are some of the bills that have been introduced in the legislature during the past week; a supplement to the revenue act of 1885. [Reducing the tax on moneys at interest from three to two mills and placing one mill in the State Treasury one in the treasury of a county or city of the first class;] enabling mechanics and laborers to file a lien on a building constructed on leased ground; authorizing married women to transact business, to sue and be sued, to sign mortgages or deeds, etc., independently of their husbands; repealing the three-mill tax; to punish the making and disseminating of obscene literature; appropriating $50,000 for the erection of monuments to the memory of Generals Meade and Hancock, on the battle-field of Gettysburg; to authorize Registers of Wills and Orphan's Courts to require security for costs, and to apportion costs in cases of caveat and appeal; allowing husbands and wives to testify for each other in criminal cases; a Legislative apportionment. [Identical with the perfected bills of 1885;] providing for the retirement on three fourths pay of Judges of the Supreme Court who have served one full term and are sixty-five years old, and the Judges of other courts who have served twenty years or over and are sixty-five years of age.

Also a bill providing for an amendment to section 1, article 9, of the Constitution, to make it read as follows: "All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under the general laws; but the General Assembly may by general laws exempt from taxation every farm not exceeding twenty acres on which the owner actually resides and which is not situated in a city or borough, every building lot not exceeding 20,000 square feet in area on which the owner actually resides, public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity provided that all taxes on land shall be specific;" a bill providing a tax for saloons, hotels, inns and other places where intoxicating liquors are sold in cities of the first second and third classes of $500, of which $300 shall go to the city, $100 to the county and $100 to the State. The tax for retailing liquor in boroughs is placed at $200 and in townships at $150. Of the $500 in Philadelphia $400 goes to the city and county and $100 to the State, a liquor license bill providing in addition to fees now paid a license tax; to prohibit the blacklisting of employes; a bill appropriating $80,000 to mark with memorial tablets the position of the Pennsylvania commands at the battle of Gettysburg; a bill providing for the appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor general, and the publishing of the list in two papers; a bill exempting bequests to churches and cemeteries from collateral inheritance tax; a bill to secure to laborers the benefits of the exemption laws; a bill authorizing appeals by owners of unseated lands to court, from the valuation of county commissioners.

Senator Wolverton, of Northumberland, introduced a bill providing that all deeds and mortgages of real estate situated in this state shall pass the whole estate of the grantor or mortgagor, although there are no words of inheritance or perpetuity contained therein, unless it appears by word of limitation in the deed or mortgage that the grantor or mortgagor intended to give, grant or mortgage a less estate. A bill providing for the biennial publication of the school laws and decisions; prohibiting non-residents from hunting and killing deer; for the better protection and collection of wages of labor; allowing hucksters and farmers to buy and sell farm produce without license; regulating sales by samples; relative to general elections.

WASHINGTON LETTER

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 24, 1887.

The present Congress has redeemed its reputation during the first half of this its last session, and it will now go down to history honored, even if it should do nothing more for the remainder of its life. The enactment of the Presidential Succession bill has been followed by that regulating the Electoral Count, and so a double peril is removed. It is now pretty certain that President Cleveland's successors will be elected and inaugurated without any resort to partisan war—a calamity that hitherto has been averted only by the tolerance of the people.

But this is not half of what has been accomplished. The Inter-state Commerce bill, 'for better or for worse,' has gone through both houses, and only awaits the Executive signature to become a law. Then a rigorous Anti-Polygamy measure has at last been passed; an investigation of the Pacific Railroad crookedness has been ordered and the old Mexican veterans are about to be pensioned.

At the end of this Congress, the terms of one-third of the whole number of United States Senators expire. While some of them have been re elected, others will be succeeded by new men. It is noticeable that Federal soldiers are getting scarce in the Senate. There are only seven men who fought on the Union side during the war, while there are sixteen whose names are on the muster rolls of the Confederacy. It is probable that only three of the ex Federals will be left when the Senate is called to order at the commencement of the next session. These will be Senators Hawley, Manderson and Plumb. Fifteen Republican Senators will be sworn in on the 4th of next March, but four of them wore the Confederate gray. This will leave the Senate with twenty ex-Confederates, and three soldiers of the Union.

In regard to Lieutenant Emory's Arctic trip, Secretary Whitney has expressed himself in no uncertain language. Referring to the report that the Lieut. wanted to go North in the "Thetis," he said the United States had something else to do with its vessels, naval officers and sailors besides sending them off on Arctic expeditions. "I will not say, however," continued the Secretary, "that there will be no such expedition under the present Administration, but certainly not with my consent. No one will receive orders from me for such a trip in consonance with my wishes."

The President is in good health again, but he is careful to favor his rheumatic knee on all occasions. He felt compelled to decline to review the order of the Mystic Shrine which visited the city during the week, for fear of the damp air to which he would be exposed, and he could not go to the top of the Washington Monument with Mrs. Cleveland and Mr. Corcoran according to appointment. This trip to the clouds had been arranged for three o'clock, and at that hour everything was in readiness for the distinguished visitors. The interior of the Monument was electrically lighted from top to bottom, a fire was built in the boiler house, steam was generated, and several preliminary trips of the elevator had been made to see that everything was in complete running order for the expected visit of the President. Mrs. Cleveland was on time, and announcing a disappointed tone that the President was not able to come, gracefully tendered her arm to the venerable Mr. Corcoran, and conducted him to the elevator. The air inside the Monument is damp and chilly, and when the marble door swung open a blast rushed out that almost took the breath of those entering. The visitors looked down upon the magnificent panorama at the 500 foot level. Mrs. Cleveland took especial interest in the White House, and tried hard to recognize a familiar figure at the library window.

To-morrow the prominent advocates of woman suffrage will begin their nineteenth annual convention in this city, and to-morrow Senator Blair will make an effort to have the Woman Suffrage amendment to the Constitution discussed in the Senate. Miss Susan B. Anthony, who has been here for some weeks, is as grim and hopeful and resolute as ever, wearing her defeats of the last forty years as cheerfully as other veterans wear plumes of victory. She doesn't think at all well of press reporters, however. She says, where women are concerned, at least, the reporters are sure to seize upon some triviality and ring its changes to the exclusion of business. She mentioned that when she spoke in Chicago last week, a dog that came with a newspaper reporter ran across the stage and springing up laid his nose on her shoulder. "I prophesied to the audience then," continued she, "that that dog would figure in the press reports more conspicuously than anything that was said or done, and so he did."

Miss Anthony does not change much as the years go by. The opening of some new avenue for the employment of women, or some new gleam of Hope from a State Legislature always comes opportunely to offset the effects of years and labors that might otherwise be adding new wrinkles to her brow.

AN OPEN LETTER.

"Teachers' inquiry in the *Sentinel* of last week has called forth the following letter from the County Superintendent.

MR. KRICKBAUM.

Dear Sir:—I noticed an article in your last issue in reference to the finances of the County Institute. The object of the writer was not information, as the statements must show that he knows that the receipts and expenditures of the Institute have been carefully examined and approved by a committee of teachers. I write, therefore, not for his information, but for the benefit of those who have not given the subject much thought, consequently may not be fully acquainted with the law and the facts in the case. Before Dr. Higbee's lecture Monday evening Dec. 31, 1883, I publicly stated that the evening entertainments were not required by law as a part of the Institute, that they were gotten up by myself for the entertainment and profit of the teachers and the public; that I was personally responsible for all of the expenses and if there was a deficit I must pay it, but the surplus money I would use for the benefit of the Institute.

In many of the counties of the state the Superintendents keep the surplus money, which they have a legal right to do. I know of no other Superintendent who under similar circumstances uses it for the benefit of the Institute. There is not a single town in this county which has a regular course of lectures. It matters not how much teachers may desire to attend lectures they cannot often do so in this county. The expenses of the teachers who attend the Institute, so far as board, traveling, etc., are concerned are the same whether they attend the evening lectures or not. I have put forth all possible efforts to give the teachers and the public good Institutes and evening entertainments. The Institutes and evening entertainments of Columbia county now rank among the best of the state. An opportunity was given the teachers to enroll, but they were not asked to do so. The enrollment card gave them not only reserved seats for the course of lectures for fifty cents (one dollar less than the popular price) but an opportunity to select a desirable seat three hours in advance of the public. The officers of the Institute have not been extravagantly compensated, but they have received all that was promised them prior to their acceptance of the honors conferred.

It might not be uninteresting to give a short sketch of the history of our Institutes, but as this article is already lengthy, I will only say that the receipts from the evening entertainments of my first Institute were only $60.75. At that time the people of Bloomsburg did not patronize lectures as they now do. That winter three of the most active attorneys in the town of Bloomsburg gave the citizens a course of lectures. They canvassed the town and worked it up as I never knew any other committee to do and yet they did not meet expenses.

I have been in correspondence with most of the lecture bureaus. I read carefully the circulars and testimonials of each, and whenever a lecturer that I think will please the patrons of our Institute, speaks at Wilkesbarre, Danville, Shamokin, or at any of the towns not too far distant, I go to hear him, and, if pleased immediately engage him. In this way I have secured lecturers that have not only pleased the patrons of the Institute, but added largely to its funds. The surplus on hand, after defraying all the expenses of every Institute, I applied to the expenses of the next one. During no year of my Superintendency until 1884, had I more than $20 on hand. After the Institute of 1885 had been paid, I had $223.35 on hand, and this sum I used in defraying the expenses of the late Institute. Had I not had this sum on hand of last year, I should have been out of pocket more than one hundred dollars after paying the expenses of the Institute of 1886. It will thus be seen that I have appropriated no money received from any of the Institutes, to my personal use, and I challenge any one to show anything to the contrary. If the superintendent has no surplus money from the county treasury, enrollment fees, or evening lectures, and does not realize sufficient from these sources to defray the expenses of any Institute, he is obliged to pay the balance out of his own pocket. This, it seems to me, should show the reasonableness of keeping an unexpended balance on hand whenever it is possible to do so.

Should I have any such money in my hands at the expiration of my official term, I shall in accordance with my public statement of 1883, hand it to my successor, to be applied to the expenses of his Institutes. A statement of the receipts and expenditures of all the Institutes held by me can be seen at my office.

J. S. GRIMES,
County Superintendent.

A Great Victory

A Terrible Case of Scrofula Cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"In the winter of 1879 I was attacked with Scrofula in one of the most aggravating forms. At one time I had no less than thirteen large abscesses over and around my neck and throat, continually exuding an offensive mass of bloody matter disgusting to behold, and almost intolerable to endure. It is impossible to fully describe my sufferings, as the case was complicated with Chronic Catarrh. After three years of misery, having been treated by three physicians, I was worse than ever. Finally, on the recommendation of W. J. Huntley, druggist, of Lockport, I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. And now, after having taken twelve bottles, within the last twelve months, the scrofulous eruptions have entirely ceased, and the abscesses have all disappeared, except the unsightly scars, which are daily becoming smaller by degrees, and beautifully less.' I do not know what it may have done for others, but I do know that in my case, Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved an effective specific indeed. As an evidence of my gratitude I send these facts unsolicited, and I am ready to verify the authenticity of this cure, by personal correspondence with any one who doubts it." CHARLES A. ROBERTS, East Wilson, N. Y.

This statement is confirmed by W. J. Huntley, druggist, of Lockport, N. Y., who calls the cure *a great victory* for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Send for book giving statements of many cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

Day and Night

During an acute attack of Bronchitis, a ceaseless tickling in the throat, and an exhausting, hacking cough, afflict the sufferer. Sleep is banished, and great prostration follows. This disease is also attended with Hoarseness, and sometimes Loss of Voice. It is liable to become chronic, involve the lungs, and terminate fatally. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral affords speedy relief and cure in cases of Bronchitis. It controls the disposition to cough, and induces refreshing sleep.

I have been a practising physician for twenty-four years, and, for the past twelve, have suffered from annual attacks of Bronchitis. After exhausting all the usual remedies

Without Relief,

I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It effected a speedy cure.—G. Stoveall, M. D., Carrollton, Miss.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is decidedly the best remedy, within my knowledge, for chronic Bronchitis, and all lung diseases. —M. A. Rust, M. D., South Paris, Me.

I was attacked, last winter, with a severe Cold, which grew worse and settled on my Lungs. By night sweats I was reduced almost to a skeleton. My Cough was incessant, and I frequently spit blood. My physician told me to give up business, or I would not live a month. After taking various remedies without relief, I was finally

Cured By Using

two bottles of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I am now in perfect health, and able to resume business, after having been pronounced incurable with Consumption.—S. P. Henderson, Saulsburgh, Penn.

For years I was in a decline. I had weak lungs, and suffered from Bronchitis and Catarrh. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral restored me to health, and I have been for a long time comparatively vigorous. In case of a sudden cold I always resort to the Pectoral, and find speedy relief.—Edward E. Curtis, Rutland, Vt.

Two years ago I suffered from a severe Bronchitis. The physician attending me became fearful that the disease would terminate in Pneumonia. After trying various medicines, without benefit, he prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved me at once. I continued to take this medicine, and was cured. —Ernest Colton, Logansport, Ind.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

oct-28-1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

In re estate of Daniel Force, late of Fishingcreek Twp., deceased.

Letters testamentary on the said estate having been granted to the undersigned exr., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to

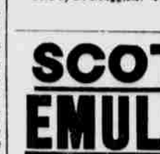
ISAAC A. DEWITT, EXR.,
Rhorsburg, Col. Co., Pa.

dec31.

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. dec24-s6,17.

BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE

TRADE MARK



Contains the Life and Essence of Animal Bones. CHEAP, RELIABLE, LASTING

BAUGH & SONS,

Manufacturers.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

For Sale by C. W. LOW, Orangeville, Pa.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Fautless Family Medicine.

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for many years, having made it my only Family Medicine. My mother bef re me was very partial to it. It is a safe, good and reliable medicine for any disorder of the system, and if used in time is a great preventative of sickness. I often recommend it to my friends, and shall continue to do so.

"REV. JAMES M. ROLLINS,
"Pastor M. E. Church, So. Fairfield, Va."

TIME AND DOCTORS' BILL SAVED

by always keeping Simmons Liver Regulator in the house.

"I have found Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine I ever used for anything that may happen, have used it in Indigestion, Colic, Diarrhœa, Biliousness, and found it to relieve immediately. After eating a hearty supper, if, on going to bed, I take about a teaspoonful I never feel the effects of the supper eaten.

"OVID G. SPARKS,
Ex-Mayor Macon, Ga."

J. H. Zeilin & Co.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PRICE, $1.00

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, February 12, 1887,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain messuage and tract, piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Beaver, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of widow Hosler, on the east by land of Jonas Bredbenner, on the south by Sunbury, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre railroad, G. W. Fry and Nathan Bredbenner, and on the west by a public road, containing about twenty-two acres, more or less, whereon are erected a grist mill and a good water power on the premises.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Catharine Weaver's use vs. M. F. Eyerly, with notice to H. S. Cole and W. B. Cole, terre tenants, and to be sold as the property of M. F. Eyerly, with notice to H. S. Cole and W. B. Cole, terre tenants.

MILLER, Atty. Lev. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Briarcreek, Columbia county, described in two pieces, but held and occupied as one, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone, corner to land late of Henry Brittain's, thence north eighty-four and one-half degrees east eighty perches to a black oak sappling, in the county line of Luzerne and Columbia, thence by the same south three degrees west one hundred and sixty-five perches to land late of Bernard Seybert, thence west forty-four perches to an oak sappling, thence north twenty-eight and one-half degrees west one hundred and two perches, to land late of Henry Brittain, thence by the same north fifty and one-half degrees east twenty seven and one-tenth perches to a black oak, thence north two degrees east, forty-nine perches to place of beginning, containing seventy-five acres and one hundred and 11 perches, more or less. The other piece of land, adjoining the above, is bounded by:—Beginning at a black oak, thence west fifty-two and six-tenths perches to a white oak, thence north two degrees east twenty-two and two-tenths perches to a stone; thence north fifty-three degrees west, eighteen and two-tenths perches to a stone; thence north twenty-one and a half degrees east, thirty-seven and eight-tenths perches to a stone; thence north forty-one degrees west seventeen perches to a stone; thence north fifty and one-half degrees east, sixteen and two-tenths perches to a stone; thence north twenty-eight and one-half degrees west, one hundred and two perches to the place of beginning, containing twenty-one acres, more or less, together ninety-six acres and one hundred and eleven perches, (excepting out of the last described piece two-thirds of an acre of land, with the appurtenances, lying along the road, from Foundryville to the grist mill, on the premises occupied by Daniel Miller,) on which are erected a large grist mill, a large bank barn, frame farm house and distillery, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, by virtue of divers Fa. Fas., and to be sold as the property of Daniel F. Seybert.

SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court house, in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, February 7, 1887,

at 2 p. m., all that certain tract of land, situate in Pine township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of E. M. Bogart, on the east by land of Jacob A. Chamberlain, on the south by land of C. W. Eves, and on the west by land of Ezra Runyan estate, containing fifty acres, whereon are erected a two-story plank house and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John M. Chamberlin.

IKELER & HERRING, Attys, Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

The following real estate of Rudolph Yeager, situate in Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Peter Luxenberger, on the west by lands of George Murray, on the south by public road, and on the east by lands of Harry Hill, containing thirty acres, more or less, whereon is erected a story and a half stone house.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Henry Hoffman's, adm'r, vs. Rudolph Yeager, and to be sold as the property of Rudolph Yeager.

YOCUM & GETZ, Attys. Vend. Ex.

SAMUEL SMITH,
Jan14 Sheriff.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 14th day of Dec. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 7th day of Feb. next to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 7 th day of Feb. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg the 6th day of Jan. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and in the one hundred and eleventh year of the Independence of the United States of America.

Sheriff's Office, SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Columbia county, their petitions for license, which will be presented to the said Court on Monday, the seventh day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m.:

Bibby, James R	Catawissa,	Liquor store
do,	do,	Bottler
Brennan, M W	Centralia,	Restaurant
Curry, Daniel P	do	Hotel
Drake, Lemuel	Benton,	do
Gilmore, Fred'k M	Bloomsburg,	Restaurant
Gilmore, Wm H	do	Bottler
Girton, Jacob L	do	Hotel
Heckman Geo	Orange,	do
Long, James M	do	do
Monroe, John	Conyngham,	Restaurant
Markle, M A	Berwick,	do
McBrearty, James	Centralia,	Hotel
Mann, John S	Centre,	do
Miller, Geo W	Briarcreek,	do
Peiffer, Mrs William,	Centralia,	do
Rimby, Samuel B	Madison,	do
Robbins, Cortez B	Bloomsburg,	Liquor store
Tubbs, W R	do	Hotel

WM. H. SNYDER, Clerk of O. C.

Clerk's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Jan. 21, 1887.

RAILROAD ELECTION.

OFFICE OF THE B. & S. R. R. CO, BLOOMSBURG, PA. January 10, 1887.

The stockholders of the Bibomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Company will meet at the office of the Company in the town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, the first day of February, 1887, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to elect a President and Directors of said company for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business.

Jan. 14th 1887 H. J. CONNER, Secretary.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia Co., on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1887, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute:

Stout, Wm estate, Briarcreek; personalty, $201.20.
Santee John, estate, Fishingcreek; personalty, $300.00.
Wagner David, estate, Locust; personalty, $300.00.
Hartzel John J., estate, Mifflin; personalty, $300.80.
Weaver Fayen, estate, Catawissa; personalty, $150.95.
George Elias estate, Franklin; personalty, $300.00.
Force Daniel estate, Fishingcreek; personalty, $3 0.00.
McHenry Silas W., estate, Jackson; personalty, $387.00.

WM. H. SNYDER, Clerk of O. C.

Clerk's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Jan. 21, 1887.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the state of Pennsylvania on Saturday the 19th day of February, 1887, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Silver Spring Quarry Company," the character and object of which is to mine, quarry and ship limestone, and the manufacture and sale of lime or any other article of commerce manufactured from limestone, and do such other business as permitted in the 18th section of second class, named in section 2 of the Act of Assembly of April 29 1874, and its supplements. The names of the subscribers of the certificate of incorporation are: G. W. Creveling, Aaron Boone, C. M. Creveling, J. K. Boone and C. W. Miller.

Jan21 C. W. MILLER, Solicitor.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to the undersigned administrators of Reuben Fahringer, deceased, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, in Locust township, on

Saturday, February 12, 1887,

at one o'clock p. m., the following described real estate of said deceased, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by lands of Sarah Mears, on the east by land of Cornelius Fetterman, and on the south and west by public road and lands of Daniel Morris and Abram Bitner, containing about

21 ACRES

of land, more or less, on which are erected

Two Frame Dwelling Houses,

one two stories high and the other one story. Also a good sized barn and other necessary outbuildings. There is also on the premises a good

APPLE ORCHARD

and other fruit trees of all kinds, and also a good well of water. The said real estate lies along the public road leading from Catawissa to Ashland.

Terms of sale will be announced by the crier on the day of sale.

All grain in the ground and personal property on the premises reserved. Deed at the expense of purchaser.

There will also be exposed to sale, at the same time and place, the following described personal property of the widow of the deceased: Two beds and bedding, one settee, one dozen chairs, one iron kettle, two tables, one cupboard, one parlor stove, one wood chest, forty or fifty yards of carpet, a lot of crocks, one large meat tub, grubbing hoe, shovels, hay rakes, one ladder, a lot of hay, by the ton, long straw and corn stalks, fifteen bushels of oats and a lot of rye and other articles too numerous to mention.

HARMAN FAHRINGER,
ISAIAH HOWER,
jn1] IKELER & HERRING, Attys. Administrators.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Catharine Farver, deceased, will sell at public sale on

TUESDAY, February 1, 1887,

at 2 o'clock p. m., a tract of land containing about

17 ACRES,

situated in Jackson township, Columbia county, bounded by lands of John Fritz, Fritz & Kelchner, Samuel Knouse and Washington Knouse, on which are erected a

FRAME HOUSE

and other outbuildings, and an apple orchard.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi

GEORGE W. FARVER, Admr.,
dec3 P. O., Derr's, Pa.

WORK FOR ALL. Permanent employment given to energetic men and women everywhere. $30 a week and expenses paid. Samples worth $5 and all particulars sent free. Address at once P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. *Don't miss this chance. Write to-day.* jan21d4t.

PATENTS. But small percentage of fees in advance, balance when patent is obtained. Send for circular giving full information, and containing list of references. M. J. CLAGETT, Washington, D. C. Pacific Building. (sep17.6m.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Wheat per bushel	78 @ 80	
Rye " "	56	
Corn " "	50	65
Oats " "	32	40
Flour " bbl	4 to 5	60
Butter	26	28
Eggs	28	30
Potatoes	65	80
Hams	11	16
Dried Apples	03	07
Side and shoulder	10	12
Chickens	6	8
Geese		
Lard per lb	08	10
Vinegar per gal	20	30
Onions per bushel	60	70
Veal skins	07	
Wool per lb	35	
Hides	5 to 7	

COAL ON WHARF.

No 6 $2.00; Nos 2 3, & Lump $3.25
No. 5 $3.00 Bituminus $3.25

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FEED—Western winter bran, spot, 13.50 @ 14.25
FLOUR.—Western extra's 3 60 @ 3.50; Penn'a family, 3.87½ @ 4.00 Ohio clear, 4.25 @ 4.50 winter patent 4.75 @ 5.00; Penna. roller process 4.10 @ 4.50
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, No. 1, 91
RYE.—56.
CORN.—50 @ 54
OATS.—No. 3 white @ 35 No. 2, 37
HAY AND STRAW Timothy—Choice Western and New York, 14.00. fair to good Western and New York, 9.00 @ 12.00; medium Western and New York, 9 @ 11.; Cut hay as to quality 14. @ 15. Rye straw 15@ 15.50, Wheat straw, 10. Oat straw 9 @ 10.
POTATOES.—New 40 @ 60 per bbl.
EGGS.—Pennsylvania 13; western 12½.
BUTTER.—Pennsylvania creamery prints 23@24 Creamery Extra 26, Western extra 14@15, fair 10@12.
LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, 11 @ 12½
DRESSED POULTRY.—Chickens, 11 @ 14

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Reported by G. S. Palmer, Wholesale Commission Merchant, 166 Reade St., N. Y.

New York, Jan. 24, 1887.

Eggs selling, strictly fresh stock, from 29 to 30c; limed or preserved eggs, etc. It is too early in the week to note any change in the market on poultry. Should the mild weather continue, with present receipts, we cannot look for any improvement in prices. Fancy chickens, 11 to 13c; fowls, 8 to 11c; ducks, 12 to 13c; geese, 9 to 10c; choice quail scarce and selling from to $2.00 to $2.25 per doz; Canvas squabs, $2.50 to $4.50 per doz. Live pigeons, 40c per pair; wild ducks, red head, $2 0 to $2.25 per pair; Mallard, $1 50; rabbits, 60 to 250 per pair, choice dressed veals are scarce and selling for 12½c; fair to good, 10 to 11c; dressed pork, light, 7½c. The butter market remains unchanged and selling fancy creamery from 30 to 31c; rolls, 28 to 30c. The market on fancy winter apples is firm and prices ranging from $3 00 to $3 50 per bbl; medium grades, $2 50 to $2 75. Florida oranges continue a glut and selling fancy Brights at $3 00 per box, Golden Russets, $2 50. The supply of potatoes continues liberal and selling choice Rose, Burbank and Hebron, from $1 50 to $1 75 per bb

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., Wall St., N. Y.

The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1887.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:18 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:15 a. m.	8:20 a. m.
10:20 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:02 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloomberry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:41 a. m.	11:54 a. m.
5:31 p. m.	3:19 p. m.

SUNDAY.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:1 a m	6:39 p m

SALES.

FEBRUARY 12.—Harman Fahringer and Isaiah Howet, Administrators of the estate of Reuben Fahringer, deceased will sell valuable property on the premises in Locust township, at one o'clock p. m. See advertisement.

FEB. 1.—Geo. W. Farver, administrator of Catharine Farver, will sell real estate in Jackson township at 2 p. m.

AT PRIVATE SALE. — Several lots in Bloomsburg, belonging to M. B. & L. Association.

FOR SALE.—Three Scotch collie pups Also a farm to rent. Inquire of J. Howard Kline, Orangeville, Pa.

$1600—In very easy payments will buy a one hundred acre farm, good new house, large new bank barn, excellent spring water, convenient to rail road. Apply to d31tf KNORR & WINTERSTEEN.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Store rooms and private dwellings. (21) S. C. SHIVE.

FOR RENT OR SALE.—Two store rooms, and dwellings with the same, situated on Main street. Also, a stable suitable for livery, in Bloomsburg. Inquire of Dr. J. R. Evans. [j21.

FOR RENT.—The third floor of the COLUMBIAN building, now occupied by N. S Tingley Heated by steam, water on second floor, all conveniences. Possession April 1st. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. [tf.

LOST.

LOST.—A fur collar on Dec. 20th, either in Bloomsburg, or between Bloomsburg and Lightstreet. The finder will confer a favor by notifying J. S. Grimes, Lightsteet, Pa

WANTS.

B. F. Sharpless wants a good fresh cow, and has a horse for sale—cheap. [14-3t.

GOOD BOARDING AT LOW PRICES.—Jurors or others attending court will find it to their advantage to call on or address the undersigned, and make arrangements for boarding.

WM. BEERS,
Corner of Main & West Sts.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Clubbing Rates.

We offer the following club rates for 1887: COLUMBIAN and N. Y. Weekly *World* one year, with History of the World, $2.40; worth $4.00.

COLUMBIAN and Philadelphia Weekly *Times* one year, $2.75; regular price $3.50

The *American Farmer* will be sent one. year, or the N. Y. Weekly *World* six months, free, to all old subscribers who pay up back subscription and one year in advance, and to new subscribers who pay in advance. This offer is good only for a short time. Avail yourselves of it at once.

Personal.

Judge Elwell is slowly improving in health.

Guy Jacoby, Esq., spent last Sunday in Philadelphia.

Gen. St. Clair A. Mulholland is registered at the Exchange.

Rev. W. C. Leverett attended convocation at Williamsport this week.

I. W. Hartman is still confined to his house with sciatic rheumatism.

C. E. Reice has his brother John of Philadelphia, helping him in the butchering business.

Mr. Fritz did not go to Harrisburg this week until Wednesday, as he was suffering from a severe cold.

Mrs. A. A. Marple, of Bridgeport, is with her sister, Mrs. Harman, whose physical condition does not improve.

James M. Fritz, Esq., who was admitted at last term of Court, has concluded to hang out his shingle at Nanticocke.

Edward Rawlings, who has been laid up for some weeks past with inflammatory rheumatism in his lower limbs, is improving and at present able to set up.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brugler, Missouri, are visiting relatives here. Mr. Brugler read law with Col. Freeze many years ago, and shortly after his admission went west, where he has acquired a large law practice.

A. E. Chapin, Esq., who read law with Hon. C. R. Buckalew and was admitted in this county, visited Bloomsburg on Friday. He is located at Nanticoke, where he holds the office of Justice of the Peace, and is building up a fine practice.

G. W. Bertsch's store room is being tastefully papered and painted.

Five-bottle triple-plated castors $8.00. Other goods in proportion at L. Bernhard's.

Passengers going to Rupert or Catawissa in the mornings hereafter please leave their orders at United States express office.

The revival services, which closed in the M. E. Church on Tuesday night of last week, were re-commenced on Sunday and have been in progress all week.

The gutter in front of Wirt's building caved in on Monday morning during the rain. The water rapidly ran into Gilmore's saloon, but was diverted by a temporary wooden substitute.

Passengers and baggage delivered free to persons buying western tickets of Moyer Bro's. Agts. Penna. R. R.

Finest scenery going West by Penna. R. R. Tickets at Moyer Bros.

The ice broke up in the river Monday, and passed off without doing any damage.

The contined story, "Retribution" commences with this issue. It will run for several weeks.

The Mite Society of the Lutheran church will give a lunch supper at the house of Mr. J. C. Snyder on East street this (Friday) evening.

The "Battle of Gettysburg" which will be exhibited at the Opera House next Monday and Tuesday will be for the benefit of Ent Post.

Constables are required to give notice of the spring election by hand-bills. The necessary blanks are for sale at the COLUMBIAN office at 10 cents a dozen.

Our supplement this week is enlarged to a quarter sheet. Should our advertising patronage continue to increase, a half sheet supplement will become necessary.

All the members of Winona Fire Company are requested to be present at the regular monthly meeting on Monday evening February 7 at 8 o'clock, in their hall.

On Friday afternoon of last week Mrs. Bernard Stohner struck her foot on a raised stone in the pavement in front of the Central hotel and fell, receiving severe injuries in her face.

The Post Master General has issued an order that hereafter all Postal Notes shall be written payable at "any Money Order office." Postal notes may now be sent to any post office and redeemed at the nearest Money Order office.

The body of a child of Marshall Moore, formerly a resident of our town, was brought here for interment in Rosemont cemetery on last Saturday and buried at noon. Rev. Bridenbaugh, of the Reformed church, read the funeral service.

B. I. Price has opened an office in the COLUMBIAN building where he can be consulted by persons needing spectacles or eye glasses of any kind. Prescriptions for special glasses are filled by him. He also takes orders for watches and jewelry.

The Young Ladies' guild of St. Paul's Church will give an entertainment at Dr. Shattuck's this Friday evening at half-past seven o'clock. The programme will consist of recitations, music, tableaux, &c. Admission, 10 cents. All are welcome.

Prof. Niles has purchased a new tandem that carries two persons. He and his daughter, Miss Dora, made their first appearance on it on Main street, on Tuesday. When the roads settle in the Spring no doubt they will get a vast amount of healthful enjoyment out of their vehicle.

The musicale given at the residence of P. E. Wirt, Esq., last Thursday evening by the Young Ladies' Guild, was a very pleasant affair. There was some excellent singing and instrumental music. This was the first of a series of similar entertainments to be given before Lent. The proceeds amounted to ten dollars.

The crusade against high hats worn by ladies at theatres is being carried on vigorously in the city papers. If the press succeeds in abolishing the wearing of these obstructions at places of amusement, it will be entitled to the gratitude of those who want to see what is transpiring on the stage.

The quarterly meeting of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite was held last week in Masonic Hall, on Thursday and Friday. A large number of Masons were present from a distance. The degrees were conferred on fifteen new members, and twenty eight others were elected. This order is in a flourishing condition.

The regular monthly meeting of the Gospel Temperance Union will be held in the Baptist church Tuesday evening at half past seven o'clock at which time Miss Narcissa E. White, national lecturer of the W. C. T. U, of the United States will deliver her lecture "Save the Boy" Everybody is invited as the lecture is free.

The sacred cantata of "Jephthah and His Daughter" will be presented at the Berwick Y. M. C. A. Hall on Friday and Saturday evenings, and Saturday afternoon January 28 and 29. A chorus of one hundred voices supported by a select orchestra will render the music, in handsome costume. Admission 15, 25 and 35 cents.

A meeting of the stockholders of the School Furnishing Company, called for the purpose of electing officers to serve for the ensuing year, was held at the Secretary's office in Dentler's building on last Friday afternoon. The meeting, however, failed to elect. A number of committees were chosen and the election was postponed to February 4.

Saturday morning, M. M. Adams, of Goldsboro, while leaving the Exchange Hotel for the purpose of taking the early morning train north, slipped upon the ice on the steps and fell, striking the back part of his head and receiving a severe gash. The wound bled profusely but was promptly attended and Mr. Adams enabled to start home on the next train.

The farm house of William Witchey in Beaver township was wholly destroyed by fire on last Saturday afternoon. It is supposed to have caught on the roof from the chimney which was defective. Before aid could be afforded not only the building but nearly all of the household goods were consumed. The loss to Mr. Witchey is about $800 and no insurance.

Col. Geo. W. Bain, of Kentucky, who lectured before our county institute, in speaking of the lecture of Miss Narcissa White who speaks at the Gospel Temperance meeting in Baptist church Tuesday next says: "Let me say of Miss White's address that I never heard a subject more effectually covered in one lecture, nor more common sense talked in the same length of time."

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Jan. 25, 1887:

J. W Barton, Wm. B. Christ, Miss Mary A. Evans, James L. Hess, Shambaugh & Mentzer, Mrs. Molly Shultz, Mr. Charles Walter.

CARDS.

Willie Tower.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Willie Samuels, aged about seven years, while sliding on the ice in the race above the Irondale furnace on Sunday afternoon, broke through, and as the water is both swift and deep, would have been drowned had he not received immediate help. John Fisher, or as he is better known by his nickname, "Plymouth," a lad of twelve years, jumped in and succeeded in rescuing Samuels. When he got him to the bank Samuels was unconscious, but was soon brought to by the vigorous exertions of Fisher and Eugene Hickey, who came to his assistance.

Persons contemplating having sales the coming spring will do well to consult our prices for hand bills.

Tickets north, east, south, south west, west, north west at lowest possible rates Baggage checked from your door. For full information see W. C. Dougherty, Agt.

Mr. Jeremiah Hess has a Plymouth Rock hen that layed an egg Friday of last week which measured eight inches around the long way and six inches around the narrow way. Who can beat this?

The enterprising citizens of Lightstreet are taking steps to induce manufacturers to locate there. At a meeting held there last Saturday night over $5,000 was subscribed, to be taken in stock in a nail factory.

The Omaha *Daily World* thus describes Rev. Louis Zahner's church:

The new Episcopal church of All Saints, at 25th and Howard streets, approaches completion, and the Roosevelt organ is in course of erection. Within a month the church will be ready for service. It is built after a quaint but attractive Gothic style, the roof sloping to the caps of the windows, which are headed in trefoils. The large windows at the chancel end and at the west end of the church are rich and ornamental. The bodies of the wiadows at the sides are composed of square panes of stained hammered glass in yellows and blues and jeweled. The wainscot and roof are composed of yellow pine, the walls painted a terra cotta and the organ case and pews are carved oak.

The northwest corner has been temporarily fitted up for a robing room for the surplice choir, but next season it is proposed to build a rector's study and a school at the southwest of the church, which will include robing rooms. The exterior of the church is painted a dark myrtle green, the roof being relieved with a band of dark red.

The rector has been on the ground for some months, and the choir has been rehearsing for a long time, consequently when the church is open there will be next to no organizing to do.

The Water company has been censured for not furnishing a stronger pressure of water at the two recent fires. At Dentler's the stream barely reached the second floor and at the School Furnishing Works it did not reach over thirty feet. Either there was not sufficient water in the reservoir at the time, or the pipes were blocked with mud, or the firemen did not turn on a full head at the plug. If the first be the case the company is justly censured, otherwise the lack of pressure was not their fault.

One thing, however, is certain, and that is that the town is paying for fire protection that it does not get, and the reason why should be made a subject of immediate investigation. At Dentler's a greater pressure was not needed, and at the School works it would have been of but little use, as there was but one single plug within reach, so that only one stream could be obtained. But the time may come when all the pressure and all the water will be needed, and it will be too late then to stop to inquire what is the matter. The Town Council should refer this subject to the Committee on Water, who should give it their immediate attention. In the meantime all censure should be reserved until it is definitely ascertained where the difficulty is. From the best information at hand, what is needed is better co-operation between the town authorities and the Water company, more thorough knowledge on the part of the firemen as to the use of plugs and a better observance of the regulations of the fire department so that every man, woman and child will not attempt to give orders at a fire.

The investigation should be conducted for the purpose of ascertaining what is for the best interests of the town in securing the most complete fire protection, and not simply with the object of censuring some one for alleged bad management.

Desk Factory Burned.

About five o'clock on Tuesday morning it was discovered that the desk factory works were on fire and in a little over an hour they were entirely swept away by the fury of the conflagration. The Friendship and Rescue fire apparatus were promptly on hand soon after the alarm was raised but could render but little assistance as they had not sufficient hose, and but a single plug to attach to. The loss is about fifteen thousand dollars, covered by an insurance in the neighborhood of $8000 making the actual loss to the company $7000. The cause of ignition is shrouded in mystery. Mr. Antes, a reliable man was the watchman of the works and divided his attention between them and the Woolen Mill by the owners of which he was also employed. We are informed that there were three stoves in the foundry department the pipes of which, instead of being continued up through the roof, stopped short of it and discharged the smoke in the building and the inner surface of the room being lined with sheet iron, no danger was apprehended. It is evident from the testimony of those first present that the fire originated in the foundry department either from the inside, from these stoves, or on the outside through the act of an incendiary. The directors of the company held a meeting on Tuesday evening and passed a resolution to commence the work of rebuilding at once. The Winona Hose carriage was not out, as the company had not enough hose to reach the fire, and owing to the difference in size, was unable to connect with the leather hose, no reducers having been provided by the town authorities.

Envelopes, letter heads, note heads, bill heads, statements, business cards, and all kinds of commercial printing at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Brockway Insurance Case.

Argument was heard in the U. S. Circuit Court at Pittsburgh on the 21st, in the case of C. B. Brockway, administrator of B. S. Brockway, against the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company. The case has been in Court in various forms, being first taken there by D. F. Seybert, who took out $10,000 of insurance on the life of B. S. Brockway. Seybert was defeated because he had no insurable interest, and he tried again on a forged note, and subsequently on a forged will to set up an insurable interest.

Many allegations were made at the trial and the jury, after a long and wearisome hearing, decided in favor of the insurance company. The case of Seybert against the insurance company was thus ended. A short time ago Charles B. Brockway, as administrator of his father's estate and representing his heirs, brought suit against the insurance company to recover the amount of insurance. The defendants filed a demurrer to the suit of the plaintiff, and in the Circuit Court an argument was held upon it. The Court took the papers and reserved decision.

Instruction in Music.

Mrs. M. A. Smith gives lessons in vocal and instrumental music. She will be pleased to call on any one desiring information as to terms, who will notify her, or can be found for the present at Judge Elwell's. She has had many years' experience as a teacher, and has had charge of the music department in high grade seminaries. [4w.

"TAPS."

Brave heart, good night, the evening shadows fall,
Silenced the tramping feet, the wailing dirge,
The cannon's roar, fi-lut dies the bugle call,
Lights out!—the sentry's tread scarce wakes the hush,
Good night.

Swift flows the river, murmuring as it flows,
Soft slumber-giving airs invite to rest;
Pain's hours of anguish fled—tired eye-lids close—
Love wishes thee, as oft and oft before,
Good night.

The stars look down upon thy calm repose
As once on tented field, on battle eve;
No clash of arms, and herald'er of woes,
Now rudely breaks the sleep God's peace enfolds,—
Good night.

The silence speaks, and tells of honor, truth,
Of faithful serv ce,—generous victory,—
A nation saved. For thee a nation weeps,—
Clasp hands again, through tears! our Leader sleeps!
Good night.

Sergt Chas. F. Boettger, formerly of the Regular Army, played "Taps" so feelingly at General Grant's burial as to draw tears from the eyes of all the vast assembly at the grave. The above poem was written on the subject and published in the *Century Magazine*. The Serg't has charge of the music and will perform at the Battle of Gettysburg at the Opera House on Monday and Tuesday next.

Buckhorn.

Weather prophets are saying there will be no more sleighing; but weather prophets do not know how soon we'll get another snow.

Last Thursday Dennis Pursel took a load of married women up to Lightstreet to visit Mrs. Annie Henrie. "We had lots of fun—but—my, I was afraid on the ice up the creek. I stood up all the time, ready to leap out."

Hemlock Grange was favored with a visit from Bloom Grange in the persons of Wm. Bidleman and Geo. Correll.

'Tis pleasant sure to see one's name in print; although sometimes there's nothing in it. For this reason we will omit the names of this event. Friday evening two of our young men were coasting on the public road known as Winner's hill, which was in prime order for such sport. They occupied their sled after the fashion of cord-wood, one stick upon an another, Their heads ahead, away they flew at a fearful rate. Apprehending danger at the foot of the hill the occupants concluded they had better stop, so they steered for the snow at the side, when their sled became stubborn and suddenly stopped, but its load went on, injuring their nasal organs to such an extent that they are ashamed of them. Boys see no danger until it is too late. Both might have been killed.

Saturday evening a Danville party on their way to Fred Miller's, upset near Jacob Harris' and broke a wheel all in pieces.

Mr. Samuel Hutchings Sr., was buried last Sunday afternoon Death caused by the bursting of a blood vessel in the act of coughing. Deceased has suffered some time with consumption.

Rev. Manhart preached an excellent sermon in Lutheran church Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Bertch, the Valley teacher has organized a Literary Society in that district. Much interest is manifested and good meetings reported. Mr. Bertch hails from Snyder county.

Election is coming, Hark! the candidate is humming. We have not yet heard of the bosses, as to when they'll hold their caucus.

The Buckhorn schools will hold joint rhetorical exercises on this Friday afternoon. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Rev. Mr. Sahm, of Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa. will preach at the various points on the Espy charge as follows: Feb. 12th, at 7 o'clock p. m. at New Columbus. Feb. 13th, at 10 o'clock a. m., Buckhorn; at 2 o'clock p. m., Mt. Pleasant; at 7 o'clock p. m. Espy.

Mrs. Chas Shaffer is lying dangerously ill.

Local Institute.

Pursuant to an announcement J. S. Grimes Supt. held an institute at Millville, Jan. 22d for Madison, Pine, Hemlock, Mt. Pleasant and Greenwood townships.

Institute was called to order by Supt. Grimes. H. W. Eves was appointed secretary. Prof. H. Clark of Berwick conducted the devotional exercises including reading from 7th chapter of Matthew and prayer.

Address of welcome to the teachers by Frances M. Eves, an excellent essay subject "Special Preparation of Teacher" by Miss Ray Shultz, next essay by Mr. Eyre Allan subject "Progress of Education in Business. Recitation "The Bells" by Mr. John Bruner. Remarks by H. W. Eves on school work.

The chairman announced the following question for general discussion. Resolved. That the minimum school term should be six months. Messrs Chandie Eves, Richard Whitmoyer, Ezra Eves, R. L. Rich and Professors Noetling and Clark participated.

Institute adjourned until 1:30 p. m. The chairman requested those in attendance to be punctual.

The first period of the afternoon was occupied by Miss Edith Cutler of Greenwood Seminary in a class exercise in historical, physical and descriptive geography of some of the N. E. states, followed by Miss Lizzie Ambler of the same institution in class exercise in language.

Annie C. Dorland, principal of Greenwood Seminary then read an essay, subject, "What Constitutes True Education." This was the most able paper read before the institute. It was the ripe experience and observations made by a veteran in the work, the true aim and line of thought expressed, being the training of the physical, moral and the intellectual, neither to be developed at the expense of the other.

After a recess of several minutes Prof. Clark of Berwick addressed teachers and directors on their combined duties. His remarks were timely and well chosen and enlisted the attention of the entire audience. Recitation, "Excelsior", by Miss C. M. Turrell. Prof. Noetling with his personal faculty of being always instant and in reason as an educator next dwelt upon the many advantages of a thorough education. Miss Candace Brown read an essay upon Language. Reading was discussed in a brief manner by Henry Rote. Then the discussion upon the resolutions offered in the morning was resumed and the sentiments expressed preponderating in the negative. A very large attendance of teachers and friends of educators were present. The Millville choir furnished choice music at frequent intervals.

H. W. EVES, Sec.

Sweet Girl Grows a Trifle Sour.

From the Omaha World.

Sweet Girl—"And so you have been on the plains for ten years?"

Handsome Cow-boy—"Yes, this is the first time I've been back into real civilization."

"Now, please tell me, in that lonely life so far removed from the refining influences of—civilization, you know, what did you miss most?"

"Oysters."

How to Gain Flesh and Strength,

Use after each meal Scott's Emulsion; it is as palatable as milk and easily digested. Delicate people improve rapidly with its use. For Consumption, Throat affections and Bronchitis it is unequaled. Dr. Thos. Prim, Ala., says: "I used Scott's Emulsion on a child eight months old; he gained four pounds in a month."

Hidley Local Institute.

A local institute was held at Hidley church, Saturday, Jan. 15th. Though the weather was cold and unpleasant, yet a large number of teachers and pupils were present, nearly all taking a part in the exercises of the day.

Mr. J. C. Grimes was elected chairman, and Miss Kate Larish Secretary of the meeting.

The exercises began with singing, Miss Aikman presiding at the organ, followed by reading from the scriptures and prayer by Rev. Sharetts.

Prof. Grimes spoke of the object of the Institute. Mr. Aikman was called upon to address the Institute which he did in a very able manner, extending a welcome to all persons from other townships who kindly came to help with the entertainment of the audience. He spoke of the object of the meeting hoping all would be benefited by coming together. After singing by the Institute an essay was read by Miss Tenbrook, subject, "The Preparation a Teacher needs," which was well read and greatly enjoyed by all present. A gymnastic song was sung by a class of little boys and girls, pupils of Miss Larish's school. Institute adjourned to meet at 1 p. m.

Institute reopened with singing, after which Supt. Grimes gave some very good thoughts on reading. Miss Emma Howe gave a very pleasing recitation followed by a recitation by Miss Roberts which was highly entertaining to all present. The ladies were both pupils of Mr. Gearhart, teacher of Espy town grammar school. A committee of three was appointed to select words for a contest in spelling. Supt. Grimes also appointed as judges to decide the contest in reading, Rev. Sharrets, Rev. Buck and Miss Sadie Hagenbuch. Prof. Grimes spoke of the benefit of school visitation; he thought the best way to induce patrons to visit schools was to have carefully prepared exercises in reading and speaking; also the difficulty the teachers experienced in having her or his pupils get up before an audience, when they were not accustomed to it. Music was then called for. Miss Minnie Fester and Sadie Hippensteel pupils of Miss Huck's school gave recitations. Miss Edith Barton read an essay. Subject, "The Relation of Attention and Retention." The subject chosen was well read and carefully prepared. The thought was well brought out showing how attention is the power which the mind has of directing its thoughts, purposely and voluntarily to some one object, to the exclusion of all others. A reading contest was then conducted in which the following pupils took part:

Miss Emma Howe, Miss Buck, Mr. Groh, pupils of Mr. Gearhart's school, Espytown. Miss Blanche Mann, Mr. Thomas Brobst, pupils of Miss Edith Barton's school, Lime Ridge. Miss Minnie Fester, Miss Sadie Hippensteel pupils of Miss Hick's school. Miss Bauchman, pupil of Mr. Bidleman, Lightstreet. The spelling contest then came off, words being pronounced by Mr. W. Hidley.

RECESS.

After a few moments of rest the Institute was called to order and singing by the Institute was called for. Five little girls entertained us a few moments with a song. An essay was read by Miss Kressler, Espy, subject "Girls' Trials." Recitation by Miss Effie Farran. An interesting essay was also read by Miss Buck. A very pleasing dialogue was given by the Misses Kressler and Farren. "The Curfew," was then recited by Miss Edgar which was beautifully rendered, showing that the lady has good elocutionary powers. Rev. Sharetts, chairman of committee to decide which school won in the reading contest, stated briefly the merits of each reader, leaving the Institute to decide for itself. The committee on spelling contest then reported Hidley school stood first, Lime Ridge school second. Rev Buck then delivered a short address, in which he spoke of the superiority in our public schools of to-day compared to former times. Miss Edgar was called upon to give a recitation which was well rendered. Rev. Sharretts then gave us an address showing the duty of parents regarding public schools, which was appreciated by all. Prof. Grimes gave us a very earnest talk on school work. Prof. Heck was called upon to address the Institute to which he readily complied. The subject of gestures was brought before the Institute. Should they be taught in our public schools? Adjourned.

KATE LARISH, Secretary.

Get your wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office

Proprietary Medicines.

A visit to Dr. Green's Labratory, at Woodbury, N. J., has considerably changed our views, and especially our prejudices in regard to what are generally known as "Standard Patent Medicines." Of course we are getting to that age in life when we are forced to believe life itself is a humbug, and naturally distrust anything that has not withstood long and tried experiences. Being a physician I had the curiosity to know how such a sale of two medical preparations could be sustained for so many years. The perfect system upon which the business is conducted, and the pharmaceutical arrangements for the manufacture of the two recipes with which we were made acquainted, are sufficiently convincing to us that the August Flower, for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaints, and Boschee's German Syrup, for Throat and Lung Trouble, were for the complaints they are recommended, most excellent remedies, and only regret that in much of our practice, medical ethics prevent us from prescribing them without making the formulas public. When we were shown the great quantity of voluntary letters having been forwarded Dr. Green, from all parts of the country, and from all classes of people, lawyers, minister and doctors, giving a description of ther ailments, testimonials of their cures, etc., I feel like endorsing DR. Green's suggestion that the Government accept such valuable formulas and license them for general use by giving protection to the inventor same as patents generally.—*Copied from N. Y. Druggists' Circular of Oct.* 1886.

Hancock's Last Letter.

The following is the last letter written by Gen. W. S. Hancock, three days before his death. General Mulholland referred to, commanded a regiment at Gettysburg, and will delineate the "Battle of Gettysburg" at the Opera House next Monday and Tuesday:

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y., Feb. 6, 1886.
MR. MATT. MORGAN,
Studio Burnet Woods Park, Cincinnati, O.

MY DEAR SIR:—Your favor, although dated January 17, was only received by me on the 30th ultimo, and my confinement to the house since that date by a temporary indisposition, has further delayed this acknowledgement.

In answer to your inquiry I would suggest as your military adviser and critic General St. Clair A. Mulholland, of Philadelphia, who was an officer of distinction during the civil war and is a painter of some repute.

He has just returned to this country from a residence of several years abroad in London and Paris chiefly, and is engaged, I believe, in writing some war papers for "The Century." At this moment I can think of no one who would be freer from bias or more useful to you.

I am, very truly yours,
W. S. HANCOCK.

Leases and notices to quit at the COLUMBIAN office.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and relieves consumptive persons in advanced stages of the disease. 25 & 50 cts. a bottle. Genuine Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold only in white wrappers, and bears our registered trade-marks to wit: A Bull's Head as a Cough, and Red Syrup. Caution—Label, Bull. Do not mistake signatures of John W. Bull & J. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Props. Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

SALVATION OIL,

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain,"

Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Sores, Frostbites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

THE OUNCE OF PREVENTION.—The satisfaction of feeling safe from catching any disease from drinking water, from impure air, from a sick person, from contact with foul clothing, infection or contagion from any source, is complete and all anxiety allayed by the use of Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. A bottle will give more safety, comfort and confidence than all the doctoring in the world.

DIED.

KELLER.—In Orangeville, on January 8, 1887, Samuel Keller, aged about 76 yrs.

MELICK.—In Orange township, on January 14, 1887, Samuel Melick, aged 89 years, 11 months and 4 days.

CRAWFORD.—In Centre township, on January 11, 1887, Phillip Samuel Crawford, aged 26 years, 1 month and 4 days.

Schuyler's Hardware.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A very pretty piece of work we have in silver is a spoon holder and call bell combined; best quadruple plate, ornamental, handy and not high priced.

Carving knives and forks in sets from 75 cents to twenty dollars, with or without cases.

If you want something handsome for the table we have it in a dozen pearl handled, heavily plated dinner knives in a blue plush case lined with satin; a little expensive but worth all we ask.

Our trade on silver is increasing; advertising and a large line of reliable ware to select from is what causes it. We just received 50 dozen spoons and forks in a variety of patterns and have some more of those lower priced casters on the way. Lower priced because they are plain, but just as heavily plated as the more expensive patterns.

Handsome tea and coffee pots in solid brittania, bright as silver and will wear a life time and always keep their color. Tea kettles in galvanized iron, agate iron, copper, plain and fancy, polished and nickle plated, light and durable.

One of the handiest things about the kitchen is the new combination flour and sugar sifter; answers for a measure and scoop, egg beater, rice washer, fruit strainer. You buy it of agents at seventy-five cents, we sell it to you for 25 cents.

Sign of the big Yale Lock Key.

J. R. SCHUYLER & CO.

DR. SINE'S SYRUP CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

NOV19-86-6ms.

AGENTS WANTED!

Remunerative employment offered energetic and reliable men. *Address,*

Security Mutual Benefit Society,

233 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

NOV19 12t.

LOCAL NOTICES.

China, Glassware, Lamps, &c, at pleasing prices, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

CARD.

We have just improved our new Grain House on south side of railroad above the depot, and are daily receiving all kinds of grain at highest cash prices. New scales, easy place to unload, and money always ready.

Wheat	85
Rye	50
Corn	50
Oats	32

We keep constantly on hand a large and choice stock of Flour, Middlings, Bran, Chop, Salt, Coal, and Timothy and Clover Seed at lowest market prices for cash or grain. Special terms on car lots of Feed, Corn and Coal. Don't fail to give us a call.

H. V. WHITE & CO.

Bargains in Coats, Dress Goods, Silks, Laces, Embroideries, Lace Curtains, Woolen Hose and other Goods, that we do not care to carry over a season, at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Wedding and party invitations, dance programmes and visiting cards, cheap—at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

I. W. Hartman & Son have thousands of yards of Muslin, Tickings, Shirtings, Light and Dark Calicoes and other Cotton Goods. The market prices on these goods are very firm, with indications of higher prices. You can and will save money by buying now or soon.

Having just received a cylinder for finishing silks and cloths, I am prepared to clean and dye gents' clothing, ladies' cloaks, sacques, silks, dresses, shawls, &c. Feathers dyed and curled. Packages forwarded by express will receive prompt attention, according to directions. Call or address, J. O. Caswell, dyer, Bloomsburg Woolen Mills. sep24-tf.

One of the best places to buy regularly most of your goods is at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Shipping tags, with or without strings, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

If you have numbness in arms or limbs, heart skips beats, thumps or flutters, or you are nervous and irritable—in danger of shock—Dr. Kilmer's Ocean-Weed regulates, relieves, corrects and cures.

THE FIRST KEEN TWINGE.—As the season advances, the pains and aches by which rheumatism makes itself known, are experienced after every exposure. It is not claimed that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a specific for rheumatism—we doubt if there is, or can be, such a remedy. But the thousands benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla warrant us in urging others who suffer from rheumatism to take it before the first keen twinge.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

See what the Secretary of the Interstate Poultry and Pet Stock Association, of Cobden, Illinois, says:

August 5, 1886.

S. S MYERS.

DEAR SIR:—I have used some of your Chick-er-ne-kee (Poultry Food). I am satisfied that it increases the egg production of my fowls.

A. A. COWDERY.

Rheumatism if primarily caused by acidity of the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, and thus cures the disease.

Important personal. Remember the virtues of hops, Burgundy pitch and gums are combined in the clean, sweet and quick-acting Hop Plaster. Hop Plasters sold everywhere. 25 cts.

DRUNKENNESS, or LIQUOR HABIT, CAN BE CURED BY ADMINISTERING DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.—It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence Golden Specific Co., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio. dec 8 86 1y.

AMERICAN WINE IN EUROPE.

Mr. Speer, the New Jersey producer of Port Wine, has an offer from certain capitalists to purchase his wine for shipment abroad. They claim Mr. Speer's wines are unexcelled by any production in the world. Orders from Dresden and other parts of Europe, have been filled by Mr. Speer during the past year, and they have became very popular on the other side on account of their valuable medical properties. Mr. Speer refuses to sell his wines to one firm or sell out his business, his being the only Oporto grape vineyards in this country. He claims that as he has spent twenty-six years of his life in bringing these grapes to perfection in this country and to mature a wine, that he will not at this time of life let go out of the family, one of the handsomest vineyards in the world that will be a boon for generations to come. For sale by druggists.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is prescribed and recommended by eminent physicians, and is taken with perfect safety by old and young. Its cleansing and vitalizing effects are sure and speedy, and it is universally conceded to be the most effective of all blood purifiers.

TO PRESERVE NATURAL FLOWERS.—Dip the flowers in melted paraffine, withdrawing them quickly. The liquid should be only just hot enough to maintain its fluidity and the flowers should be dipped one at a time, held by the stocks and moved about for an instant to get rid of air bubbles. Fresh cut flowers, free from moisture, make excellent specimens in this way. If you would preserve your health and invigorate your entire system use Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, Pa. [eow.

FREE TRADE.—The reduction of internal revenue and the taking off of revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefitted the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with Green's August Flower and Boschee's German Syrup, as the reduction of thirty six cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The August Flower for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the German Syrup for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of the bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and afflicted, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size. jan 28, 1 y, 87, e o w

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY.

DISTILLED from selected Barley Malt and guaranteed to be chemically pure and free from injurious oils and acids often contained in alcoholic liquors. It is especially adapted to persons requiring a stimulating tonic, Consumptives being greatly benefitted by its use. Recommended by leading physicians as a Diuretic, Nervine, Tonic and Alterative. For Consumptives it is invaluable. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY insures a return of vigor to the stomach, a good appetite, a rich and abundant blood

Shameful Abuse.

HEAPED UPON A NOTED ENGLISHMAN FOR HIS OPEN HONESTY.

WM. ED. ROSSON, M. D., L. R. C. S. L., M. K. Q. C. P. I., late of the Royal Navy of England, has got into professional trouble for writing the following open letter to the editor of the London *Family Doctor:*

"I believe it to be the duty of every physician to make known any means or remedy whereby sickness can be prevented, and it is for this purpose I write to give my experience both here and abroad. I ask the publication of the statement that people may be warned before it is too late, to say to them there is at hand a means by which they may be restored to perfect health. It is well known to the medical world, and indeed, to the laity, that a certain disease is making a terrible havoc; that next to consumption it is the most fatal, and that when fully developed there is nothing to be done for the sufferer."

"Physicians and scientists have long been trying to throw light upon the cause, and if possible, to find in nature a medicine for this fatal malady. They have shown, absolutely, that the blood purifying organs of vital importance, are the kidneys, and that when they once fail, the poison which they should take out of the blood is carried by the blood into every part of the body, developing disease."

"In my hospital practice in England India and South America, and also while a surgeon in the Royal Navy of Great Britain, I gave a great deal of attention to the study of diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs, and found that not only was the cure of chronic Bright's Disease hopeless, but that kidney disease was remarkably prevalent; much moro so than generally known, and was the cause of the majority of cases of sickness, and further, that the medical profession has no remedy which exerts any absolute control over these organs in disease."

"Some time ago when I had a case which resisted all regular treatment,—which is very limited,—complicated with the passing of stones from the kidneys, much against my will I permitted my patient to use Warner's safe cure, of which I had heard marvelous results. In his case the result was simply marvelous, as the attack was a severe one, and development very grave for an analysis showed per cent of albumen and granular tube casts."

"The action of the medicine was singular and incomprehensible to me. I had never seen anything like it. The patient recovered promptly, and is today a well and healthy man. This stimulated my inquiry into the merits of the remedy, and after analysis I found it to be of purely vegetable character, harmless to take under all circumstances."

"Casting aside all professional prejudice I gave it a thorough trial, as I was anxious that my patients should be restored to health, no matter by what medicine. I prescribe it in a great variety of cases, Acute, Chronic Bright's Disease, Congestion of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, and in every instance did it speedily effect a cure."

For this reason I deem it my duty to give to the world this statement regarding the value of Warner's safe cure. I make this statement on facts I am prepared to produce and substantiate. I I appeal to physicians of large practice who know how common and deceptive diseases of the kidneys are, to lay aside professional prejudice, give their patients Warner's safe cure, restore them to perfect health, earn their gratitude, and thus be true physicians."

"I am satisfied that more than one half of the deaths which occur in England are caused, primarily, by impaired action of the kidneys, and the consequent retention in the blood of the poisonous uric and kidney acid. Warners safe cure causes the kidneys to expel this poison, checks the escape of albumen, relieves the inflammation and prevents illness from impaired and impoverished blood. Having had more than seventeen years' experience in my profession, I conscientiously and emphatically state that I have been able to give more relief and effect more cures by the use of Warner's safe cure than by all the other medicines ascertainable to the profession, the majority of which I am sorry to say, are very uncertain in their action."

"Isn't that a straightforward, manly letter?"

"Indeed it is."

"Well, but do you know the author has been dreafully persecuted for writing it?"

"How so? What has he done to merit it?"

"Done? He has spoken the truth 'out of school' and his fellow physicians, who want the public to think they have a monopoly in curing diseases, are terribly angry with him for admitting professional inability to reach certain disorders.

"That letter created a wonderful sensation among the titled classes and the public. This jarred the doctors terribly. The College of Surgeons and Queen's College, from which institution he was graduated, asked for an explanation of his unprofessional conduct, and notified him that unless he made a retraction they would discipline him.

"The doctor replied that he allowed his patients to make use of Warner's safe cure only after all the regular methods *had failed* and when he was satisfied that there was no possible hope for them. Upon their recovery, after having used Warner's safe cure, he was so much surprised that he wrote the above letter to the *Family Doctor*. He regretted that the faculties found fault with his action in the matter, but he could not conscientiously retract the facts as written to the *Family Doctor*.

"The faculties of both colleges replied that unless he retracted they should cut him off, which would naturally *debar him from again practicing his profession*, and also prevent his securing another appointment in the Royal Navy!"

The illustrious doctor's dilema is certainly an unpleasant one, emphasizing, as it does, both his own honesty, and the contemptible prejudice and bigotry of English medical men. The masses, however, having no sympathy with their nonsense, keep on using the remedy he so highly recommends and get well, while the rich and able depend upon the prejudiced doctors and die!

After a long period in which only girl babies were born, Bismark, D. T., now rejoices in the birth of a male infant.

Japanese orange trees are being introduced into California. They will give a new and excellent variety of fruit.

Miss Cleveland says people partake of the nature of the food they eat. What piles of veal the dudes must consume.

Broncho Lou.

WILD LIFE OF THE FEMALE TERROR OF THE WEST.

Las Cruces (N. M.) Letter in the N. Y. Sun.

Though new, this country has become old enough to have an occasional example of the effects of heredity. Broncho Lou, the woman desperado, who not many years ago was the terror of Southern Colorado, has a son who has just distinguished himself by committing perjury in the hope of having his mother hanged, so that he might inherit her property. Up to 1881 Lou belonged to a band of outlaws, which made its headquarters in Colorado. Since that time and under various names she has lived on a ranch in Lincoln county, in this Territory, where she has considerable stock. In her younger days she was a dashing woman, with enough of grace and health, brightness of eye and freshness of complexion to make her pass as reasonably good looking. She was as queer a compound of ferocity and gentleness, devilishnes and decency, brutality and womanliness as was ever seen. She rode a horse like a man. She was strong and lithe and could endure anything. In spite of her hard life her figure was trim, her voice musical and her hands deft. She could kill a man with revolver or knife and nurse a wounded or sick companion with equal dexterity. She was an expert in all games of chance and on more than one occasion she figured as dealer in gambling houses where her shrewdness and nerve brought her big salaries. An unerring marksman, no one cared to get within range of her rifle. She is credited with killing two husbands in Colorado, and nobody knows exactly how many she has made away with here.

When the band to which she belonged in Colorado became so troublesome that the settlers could put up with their lawlessness no longer a posse was organized to go in pursuit. The desperadoes were encountered at an abandoned railroad camp, and after two or three men had been killed on both sides four of the outlaws including Broncho Lou, were obliged to surrender, the others getting away. Lou was not injured, but her three companions were all severely wounded. Although it was the intention of the crowd to lynch the fellows, Lou persuaded them to desist, and on her suggestion all were conveyed to the jail at Las Animas. Here the feeling was so great that no one would attend the wounded prisoners, but Lou dressed their wounds and brought them out all right. As little restraint had been put upon her she did not have much difficulty in making arrangements for the escape of the entire party, and one morning the jailer found that all were gone.

If they had left the country then it is probable that they would not have been pursued, but they remained in the southern part of the State, committing many depredations. When these became intolerable another posse set out, and a pitched battle was eventually fought with the thieves, in the course of which several of the latter were again taken prisoners. The posse had ropes ready and were about to lynch their captives, when Lou and one companion, well mounted and armed, descended on the party with such impetuosity as to stampede it and give the prisoners a chance to escape. Going south, Lou was never afterward on Colorado soil. Her old companions scattered, and she married again and settled down in Lincoln county the haven of Western toughs, making occasional journeys to the towns round about, as the inclination moved her. At that time she was known as Mrs. Yankers, though she was familiarly designated by her wild acquaintances by the old Colorado soubriquet of Broncho Lou.

She was in Socorro in 1883, and while engaged in a gambling game with Robert Black she shot him dead. It was shown by her associates that Black had been the aggressor, and on the preliminary examination she was dismissed. Later on the grand jury investigated her case but found no indictment. Apprehending no more trouble on this score, Lou went back to her ranch and there married William Dawson, with whom she lived on better terms than had characterized her relations with any of her previous husbands. But he became involved in a quarrel with John H. Good and was killed by him, and Lou came here to prosecute the murderer. While in this town word was received by her from Socorro to the effect that she had been indicted there for the murder of Black, and she at once took steps to investigate the matter. It was not long before she discovered that enemies had been before the grand jury, but she did not learn the full truth until last week when her case came on for trial before Judge Henderson.

Besides the attorney whom she had retained, Broncho Lou had her son, a young fellow named William Raper, with her, and up to the minute that he took the stand she and her friends supposed that he was friendly to her. Once under oath however, he proved a most dangerous witness against her. He swore that Black had been killed by his mother in cold blood, and that the weapon found in his possession was placed in his hands after he fell to give color to the story of self-defense. So pointed was his testimony that for a short time it was feared that Lou was doomed, but her attorney had not gone far with the cross-examination before the young scoundrel became involved in contradictions, and at length owned up to the fact that he hoped by swearing against his mother to have her hanged or sent to prison for life, so that he could get her property. The crowd in attendance was very demonstrative, and the Judge more than once let fall remarks which showed his abhorrence of the conspiracy so brazenly entered into and so impudently confessed. While he was making this confession, Broncho Lou sat with her hands to her face crying, and when she was told to take the stand it was some time before she could proceed. Her first exclamation was:

"He is my boy!"

Then she sobbed in uncontrollable grief, and about fifty old frontiersmen hitched up their trousers, tightened their belts, cleared their throats or swallowed hard as they looked first at her and then at the young rascal, who was cowering in a corner near the jury. It was a long time before her lawyer could induce her to answer a question, but when the Judge admonished her in a kindly way she took up the boy's narrative and denied it most emphatically.

In his address to the jury the prosecuting Attorney was compelled to admit his disappointment in the way Raper's testimony had turned out, and the counsel for Lou gave the boy such an excoriation as one does not often hear in these parts without a revolver accompaniment. The jury took the case and in five minutes returned a verdict of not guilty, which was received with wild cheering. As soon as the court room was cleared the men in town organized for the purpose of lynching Lou's hopeful son, but she interceded so eloquently in his behalf that he was permitted to escape.

Precautions Against Contagious and Infectious Diseases.

SCARLET FEVER, DIPHTHERIA, SMALLPOX, VARIOLOID, TYPHOID FEVER, TYPHUS FEVER, MEASLES, CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, ERYSIPELAS, MUMPS, AND WHOOPING-COUGH.

Some of these diseases are communicated directly from person to person; such are scarlet fever, small pox and measles. Others contaminate fluids and solids which are eaten by human beings and thus enter the system; such are typhoid fever, cholera and dysentery, while others still pass from person to person through the air, (so far as our present knowledge extends,) such as typhus fever, small-pox, whooping-cough and influenza.

It is fully believed by sanitarians that most infectious and contagious diseases could be "stamped out" completely, could mankind be induced to live up to the light which we now possess concerning their nature. The "plague," "the black death," "the sweating sickness" and "cholera," in former years ravaged continents, carrying to the grave from one-fourth to three-fourths of all the inhabitants. Their ravages have been stayed; some of them are unknown in civilized countries. May the diseases here named be unknown to future generations.

HOW CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ARE SPREAD.

It is believed that each of these diseases is the result of a special poison (contagium) working in the body. These enter the system in different ways, and exert their main force on different parts of the body.

Scarlet fever, small-pox and measles and all eruptive diseases of the skin are probably propagated by a poison discharged in the dead skin, as well, also, as by means of all discharges from the bowels, bladder, nose, mouth, eyes and ears. The discharges from the skin (dry dust, scales, scabs, &c.) as well as from the nose and mouth, are believed to be especially malignant.

In diptheria, the discharges from the mouth, nose and throat, as well as from the bowels and bladder, are believed to contain the poison, especially those from nose, mouth and throat. The same is true of the whooping-cough. In the case of consumption the matter coughed from the lungs probably is a means of propagating that disease. Typhoid fever, cholera and dysentery have their special poisons in the discharges from the patients bowels which are disseminated in drinking water. The same is probably true of yellow fever. Puerperal fever may be conveyed from patient to patient on the persons of physicians and nurses.

Parasitic diseases are obtained from foods and drinks, and by actual contact of a healthy person with one diseased. Typhus fever seems to be a disease caused by over-crowding, and by foul gases from sewers and drains.

The time intervening between exposure to the special poison and the appearance of the first symptoms of these diseases varies greatly. It may be from only a few hours, as in the case of cholera and yellow fever, to three or four weeks or even longer as in typhoid fever.

As a general rule, one attack gives immunity from any second attack. Scarlet fever, diphtheria; measles, and whooping-cough prevail most among children, but may attack all ages. The other diseases named attack persons of all ages. As a rule, the cleanly, temperate, well-fed, and well-housed suffer less from these diseases than do the ill-fed, intemperate, ill-clothed, over-worked, and ill-housed, but this is not always so. The intemperate certainly suffer more than other. Those who have been successfully vaccinated within seven years do positively escape small-pox. Persons who are in a "run-down" and exhausted state of body, are more liable than others to have the germs of disease take root in their bodies than are others. Typhoid fever especially attacks those in vigorous life. Diphtheria generally passes nursing babies.

HOW TO AVOID THESE DISEASES.

See to it that your family and yourself are successfully vaccinated. Unless your services are needed, stay away from all houses in which these diseases are present. Don't attend funerals from any of these diseases. Keep children away from all houses in which these diseases prevail. If any of these diseases, to which children are subject, are epidemic in a town, keep your children from day and Sabbath schools, from churches, and all assemblies. Be sure that the water you drink is pure: well water is always to be suspected. In traveling, it is safest to drink only boiled water, such as one gets in tea and coffee. When buying or renting a house, always ask if it has been free for the past two years, from all these contagious diseases, and demand a written guarantee. Educate the people of your neighborhood as to the nature of these diseases, and what they should do when they occur. Aid in establishing a local board of health, and see that your community has laws in reference to cleanliness, private funerals, the isolation of those sick of contagious diseases, and the closing of schools and churches against those living in houses in which any contagious disease prevails. The country privy and the city cess-pool should be abolished everywhere absolutely. The most scrupulous cleanliness must be enforced everywhere. When contagious diseases prevail, do not send your clothing to the public laundries. There should be a notice on every house in which there is a contagious disease, so that the public may be warned to remain away.

If one is required to be about one sick with a contagious disease, he should eat his meals regularly, take some exercise in the open air each day, get his usual amount of sleep, and dismiss all over anxiety as to the danger of contagion. But he must avoid the special poison. Do not take the breath of the sick one. Do not touch with the lips any food, drink, cup, spoon, or anything else that the sick person has touched, or that has been in the sick room. Do not wipe your face or hands with any cloth that has been on or near the sick person. Do not wear any clothing the sick person has worn during, just before, or just after his sickness. Keep your hands free from any discharges from the body or skin of the sick person, and if they do become soiled, wash them soon as possible in water containing a solution of chloride of lime. Do not touch the sick with sore or scratched hands. Particularly avoid receiving into the body through the mouth or nose, any of the scales or scabs from the skin of those sick or recovering from scarlet feve or small-pox. Consumptives should spit on rags and these should be burned. This sputa should never be eaten by chickens or other domestic animals, as there is reason to believe that it will infect them, and they in turn, through their meat, other human beings.

Whenever a place is threatened with an epidemic of any contagious disease, the local board of health, or the town council, should appoint a few discreet persons who should go from house to house and instruct the people in what they should do to avoid the threatened danger. This should be done without creating an alarm. The town should be thoroughly and scientifically cleaned and disinfected, and the condition of the drinking water examined by an expert.

PRECAUTIONS IN THE SICK-ROOM.

1. The sick chamber should be as large, airy, and pleasant as possible. It should be in a part of the house where as much quiet as possible may be secured. In contagious diseases it is best to have the sick room in the upper part of the house, so that the air from it will not mingle so much with the air of the house. The room should have means for free ventilation without the production of draught. All unnecessary articles should be removed from the room.

2. The patient should be isolated in the sick room from the visits of all except his nurses and the physician. (This does not apply to typhoid fever, cholera, or dysentery.

3. All glasses, cups, or other vessels used by the patient, should be cleansed in boiling water before being used by others. And old foods and drinks, touched and not consumed by the sick, should be burned or buried.

4. The discharges from the bowels and from the kidneys should be received on their very issue from the body into vessels charged with disinfectants, and, after thorough disinfection, thrown into the sewer, or, in the country, buried, at least one hundred feet from any well or running stream. In no case should they be thrown on the surface of the ground or into a running stream of water. Rags and paper, which have become contaminated with any discharge, should be burned at once in a strong fire. It is well, in all contagious diseases, to place a piece of rubber cloth under the patient to prevent the discharges from soaking into the bed.

5. All articles of the patient's clothing, all sheets, towels, napkins, bandages or sponges about the sick, must, before being taken from the sick room, be thrown into a tub containing several gallons of solution of chloride of lime, (standard solution, No. 1,) and remain in it three hours. Never carry any dry clothes from the sick room without disinfection. After disinfection, they should be thoroughly boiled.

6. Perfect cleanliness must be enjoined in the room, the nurse, and the person of the patient. There must never be a bad smell in the room.

7. It is hardly necessary to say that in all contagious diseases the patient should be under the care of a skilled physician.

The patient should not mingle with the public until the physician certifies that there is no danger of contagion; he will not be well so long as the skin is unhealthy or peeling off, or as there are any sores in the mouth, throat, or nose, or any symptoms of dropsy. He should then, under the direction of his physician, take several warm baths and put on a new suit of clothes before going in public. He will need to be careful of exposing himself for some weeks, until his strength is fully recovered.

PRECAUTIONS IN REGARD TO BURIALS.

After death the body should at once be wrapped in a sheet saturated with a solution of corrosive sublimate (standard solution, No. 2) and buried as soon as possible. The funerals should be private. Newspapers should, in notice of death mention disease, that people may remain away. Undertakers should not furnish chairs at funerals of those who have died from contagious diseases, and such articles as they regularly use in their business, if taken to such a house, should be washed with a solution of corrosive sublimate before being used elsewhere.—*From Circular No. 20 of the State Board of Health.*

ODD ITEMS.

"The Pilgrim's Progress" has been reproduced in Japanese and illustrated by a native artist.

The noble ladies of the English court are busy giving balls and parties. The end of the world does not trouble them.

King Kalakaua was presented with five Bibles on his birthday. He thinks of coming East next fall to gather autumn leaves.

Sealskin mantles reaching to the feet are very popular among the London ladies. They are generally trimmed with rich dark sable.

A man had his ear bitten off in a fracas in New York the other night. Man wants but little ear below nor wants that little long.

A returned missionary at San Francisco predicted that Japan will accept Christianity as its national faith by the close of this century.

There were nearly 300 more divorce suits begun in Chicago last year than the year before, and 138 more divorces were granted.

A STARTLING FACT.

It is not commonly known that a large proportion of the rheumatism and neuralgia extant is traceable directly to the diseased condition or imperfect action of the kidneys and liver; therefore a remedy which cures the resulting disease must have found and smitten the first cause. Many persons using Athlophoros for rheumatism and neuralgia have been surprised to find that chronic disorders of the liver and kidneys have also been greatly relieved and they have written for an explanation. The fact is, that the remedy acts directly on these organs, cleansing them from all irritating substances and regulating their action. Taken in connection with Athlophoros Pills this is, without exception, the most valuable kidney and liver remedy in the world, and will cure a large proportion of those who have these diseases.

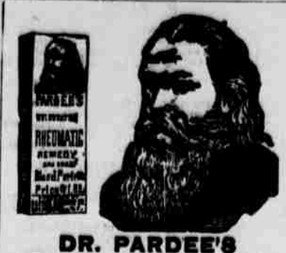
Copake Iron Works, Copake, N. Y.

For the last five years I have been subject to severe attacks of rheumatism which would cause me the most excruciating pain in my chest; was obliged to put myself under the doctor's care for two or three months at a time, and even then it was almost impossible to get any relief. The last time I was taken my son was at home, and I requested him to call the doctor, but he said he had heard of a new remedy for rheumatism called Athlophoros and advised me to try it. I did and you can imagine my surprise, was relieved of all pain after taking one bottle and have not been troubled since. It saved me quite a sum of money, and what is better, I was not obliged to endure weeks of suffering; would not be without it in the house. Have recommended it to others and it never fails to give relief. L. H. PATTERSON.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled.

DO139-26-6MOS.



DR. PARDEE'S
REMEDY,
(The Only Reliable Blood Purifier.)
A SPECIFIC FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Scrofula, Salt Rheum,
Neuralgia, Ring Worm
And all other Skin and Blood Diseases.
IT REGULATES THE
LIVER AND KIDNEYS.
Cures Indigestion and all diseases arising from an enfeebled condition of the system.
Ask your Druggist for DR. PARDEE'S REMEDY and take no other. Price $1. per bottle or six bottles for $5. Manufactured by the
PARDEE MEDICINE CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.
DO NOT POISON YOUR SYSTEM,
with medicines you know nothing about. Nearly every so-called remedy for Rheumatism and Neuralgia now offered to the public contains powerful and poisonous medicines that injure the stomach and leave the patient worse off than before.
Do not use them, but take "the old reliable" one that has stood the test for twenty-five years. Is free from anything injurious to the system, composed wholly of roots and herbs.
Dr. Pardee's Remedy used by old and young with beneficial results. Five hundred dollars will be paid for any case where Dr. Pardee's Remedy has in any way injured the patient.
nov. 26 86 1y.

OVER WORKED Women

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our positive *guarantee*. See wrapper around bottle. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.
A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, and Constipation, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. 25c. a vial, by druggists.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 05
8 54	12 26	8 26	....Bellevue....	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	....Taylorville....	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	..Lackawanna..	6 27	9 34	2 23
8 33	12 08	8 10	....Pittston....	6 34	9 41	2 30
8 27	12 03	8 03	..West Pittston..	6 40	9 47	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	....Wyoming....	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Maltby.....	6 49	9 56	2 44
8 12	11 50	7 50	....Bennett....	6 53	10 00	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	..Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	..Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth June	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 59	11 38	7 38	..Plymouth....	7 07	10 13	3 00
7 54	11 34	7 34	....Avondale....	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 30	....Nanticoke....	7 15	10 25	3 10
7 43	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 27
7 30	11 12	7 18	..Shickshinny..	7 37	10 44	3 37
7 18	11 00	7 00	..Hick's Ferry..	7 50	11 11	3 52
7 11	10 54	6 54	..Beach Haven..	7 57	11 06	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	.....Berwick....	8 04	11 13	4 05
6 58	10 41	6 41	..Briar Creek..	8 10	11 20	4 12
6 54	10 38	6 38	..Willow Grove..	8 14	11 25	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	....Lime Ridge....	8 18	11 29	4 20
6 43	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 36	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	....Bloomsburg....	8 30	11 44	4 36
6 30	10 16	6 16	....Rupert....	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 46
6 08	9 56	5 56	....Danville....	8 58	12 13	5 04
6 00	9 49	5 49	..Chulasky....	9 05	12 20	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	....Cameron....	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35
p.m.	am.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 182

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Jan. 2nd, 1887. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

2.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.15 p. m.; New York, 5.30 p. m.; Baltimore, 3.10 p. m.; Washington, 5.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.50 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 7.45 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m. New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 4.55 a. m.; Washington 6.05 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run on the train from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.05 a. m. New York, 11.5o a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and all intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.59 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

4.25 p. m. Fast Line (daily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

8.20 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate station.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55. a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 12.52 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.30 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.14 a. m.; Washington, 9.40 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 4.25 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.05 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.55 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.41 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 4.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 5.36 p. m., Wilkes-barre 6.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.25 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.54 a. m., Sunbury 12.45 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 1.50 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 3.19 p. m., Sunbury 4.16p.m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.1 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.15 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.39 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

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Marrige in China.

A MAN NEVER SEES HIS WIFE UNTIL HE IS WEDDED TO HER.

"A Chinese love-letter! Have I any old-fashioned Chinese love-letters in my trunk? Have I a gilt-edged Chinese billet-doux with a monogram like a crow's track? There was never a love-letter written in Chinese. No Chinese maiden ever penned a billet-doux or sent a valentine."

Rather sadly was this said by a romantic young Chinaman, Mr. Hong Wing, who is noted among the Chinese for the skill with which he plays on the mandolin.

"In China," continued he, "a man never sees his wife until he is wedded to her for life, and sometimes he does not see her then, for she may refuse to remove her veil until three days have elapsed after the wedding. If he dosn't like her he cannot get a divorce, but he may marry another wife, and then another and another, until he has gone through the blindfold lottery often enough to get one that suits him. Some of these Chinese Crœsuses have hundreds of wives. There was an old bachelor who took it into his head to get married one winter, and he married 200 wives before he got through. The last wife is the favorite, but the first one is the boss."

"If a man never sees his wife before their wedding, how does he make love to her?"

"He doesn't make love to her. His mother arranges the match, and his future mother-in-law makes love to him. It is a sour courtship. Children are formally engaged to other children that they have never seen at the tender age of 9 or 10, and after an engagement of ten or twelve years they get married?"

"Does a Chinaman ever marry his cousin?"

"No; a marriage of cousins was never heard of in China. A man may no more marry his cousin in China than in England a man may marry his deceased wife's sister. You talk about your old families here, and your oldest families are only five generations old. In China families are seventy five and eighty generations old, and every member has a complete record of his ancestors of all these generations. The remotest kinship prevents marriages in China, and if two families have the faintest imaginable kinship seventy-five generations back the children cannot marry."

"What are the most common families in your country?"

"The Chens, the Wongs and the Lees. The Chens are the Smiths of China, the Wongs are the Joneses, and the Lees are the Browns. A Mr. Chen would marry a Miss Wong, but he wouldn't marry a Miss Chen. Perhaps that is the reason why the old folks make the matches. It prevents the Chens from falling in love with one another."

"Are the Chinese ladies cultivated?"

"Oh, yes; they can read and write, draw, paint and embroider. They never go out on the street with their husbands. If a Chinese man and woman were to walk on the street arm-in-arm in their country, as American men and women do, they would be mobbed. The women stay indoors. If they wish to visit their mothers they take conveyances. Sometimes they may be seen walking in the park with their children."

"You are married?"

"Yes."

"To a Chinese lady?"

"No, to an American. I came to this country when a boy 11 years old. Though I was 9000 miles from China my mother betrothed me to a little Chinese girl I had never seen. My mother used to write to me how small her feet were and how pretty she was, and what a beautiful cat-like nose she had. When I was 20 years old mother sent me a letter saying I was old enough to get married, and must come back to China and marry the girl."

"What did you think about it?"

"I thought I was old enough, and fell head over cue in love with an American girl in Nevada, and married her. We had our pictures taken, and I sent one to my mother, together with an account of the wedding which I translated from an American newspaper into Chinese."

"What happened?"

"The next thing I knew my uncle and four cousins came on the United States and had me arrested for bigamy. I was taken before a Court and tried. My uncle went on the stand and swore that I had a wife in China."

"What did you do then?"

"I thought I was in a box, as you Americans say. The judge asked the witnesses how old I was when I left China. They replied that my mother had picked her out for me, and that, in Chinese law, was the same as marriage. The Judge said that they didn't have any Chinese statutes in this country, and my uncle innocently replied that he would send to China for some. Everybody in the Court laughed, and, as I had lived in the town ever since I came to Amerias, all knew that I had left China a little boy, so the jury acquitted me. My uncle told the Judge that he would be beheaded when he went back to China, which was a monstrous fib with which he intended to scare the Judge. I have never been back to China, and suppose the little girl whom I never saw is a grass widow. Poor child."—*Brooklyn Citizen.*

Toboggan doesn't make a very good rhyme for hugging, but—well, it gets there just the same.

John B. Alley, of Massachusetts, lunches on bread and milk, price 16 cents. That is why he is able to draw his check for twenty millions.

"Mary Ann, would you be good enough to pare those potatoes?" "Yes, ma'am; pray excuse me till I remove my rings."

Mrs Randolph Tucker, one of the prominent leaders in Washington society, was, in her youth, one of Virginia's most noted beauties.

A man at Paw Paw, Mich., who has taken one paper for forty years, has always paid for it in wood.

The wife of Senator Sabin, of Minnesota, having no children of her own, has adopted a family of nine.

Winter Exposure Causes Coughs,

Colds, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache and other ailments, for which Benson's Capcine Plasters are admitted to be the best remedy known. They relieve and cure in a few hours when no other application is of the least benefit. Endorsed by 8,000 physicians and druggists. Beware of imitations under similar sounding names, such as "Capsicum," "Capucin," "Capsicine." ASK FOR BENSON'S AND TAKE NO OTHERS. Examine carefully when you buy. All druggists.
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Dr

COLUMBIAN SUPPLEMENT.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Friday, January 28, 1887.

CHURCH NOTES.

Germany has 169 Baptist congregations.

In eighteen months 1,500 converts have been added to the Salvation Army in Chicago.

The Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions asks for money. It is about $150,000 in debt.

At the Methodist Missionary conference receipts of $992,000 for last year were reported.

The mission board of the Methodist church appropriated $13,000 for Spanish New Mexico.

There are 1,071 Young Men's Christian associations in the United States, with 140,000 members.

There are 182 colored Presbyterian churches in the south, with 12,958 members. Of this number eighty-five churches are in North Carolina and fifty-nine in South Carolina.

In New York city a new church is to be established. It is for ministers and baptized people acknowledging the ecclesiastical authority of the College of Apostles, which is a place of worship according to the doctrine of the Catholic Apostolic church, and has heretofore had its headquarters at Albury, England.

The amount appropriated by the general missionary committee of the Methodist Episcopal church for carrying on mission work for the ensuing year is $571,437 for foreign missions and $517,750 for home missions, making a total of $1,089,187, an increase of $89,187 over the amount appropriated last year.

There are no less than thirty-six different missionary societies represented in India, besides ten or more private missions. All branches of the church are represented and all are laboring hand in hand for the uplifting of India. According to the statistical summary for 1885 there were 137,504 communicants representing the fruits of these missions.

The Baptist church has three great organizations, the Foreign Missionary society, the Publication society, and the Home Mission society, which latter has for its motto, "North America for Christ." It was organized in New York state in 1832. Since its organization it has expended $5,134,314, established 3,416 churches, baptized 99,914 members, organized 700 Sunday schools and now has 700 laborers engaged in carrying on its work

What One Vote Accomplished.

The fact that in Indiana the official count shows that a candidate has been re-elected by just one vote leads The South Bend Tribune to remember that in 1842 Lot Day, Sr., was the Democratic candidate for sheriff and William Cosgrove was the Whig candidate. When the official canvass of the vote was made Lot Day was elected by one majority. In 1844 Hugh C. Flannegan was elected representative by one majority. He went to the legislature and his vote elected a United States senator by one majority. The United States senator's one vote brought on the Mexican war. So St. Joseph county has had an experience that no other county perhaps in the United States has had with a single vote. Four men elected to important offices by single votes and the Mexican war brought on by a single vote.—New York Sun.

As a Great Truth.

The following from Mr. Lowell's Harvard address is going the rounds as "a great truth," as if it were a matter of familiar experience: "A man rich only for himself has a life as barren and cheerless as the serpent set to guard a buried treasure."

The New Tax Law.

An important bill has been introduced in the House of Representatives under the title of "an act amendatory of the several acts relating to the assessment and valuation of real, personal and corporate property for the purpose of taxation." Its author is Leonard Rhone, master of the Pennsylvania State Grange. The act provides that assessors shall in April assess all real estate and visible personal property at actual cash value, including bonds, mortgages, notes, bills and every other evidence of debt-bearing interest and due from solvent debtors, except only the property exempted by the first section of the ninth article of the State Constitution. The property of private corporations included shall be such only as owned by them otherwise than strictly and exclusively for corporate purposes in conducting the authorized business of the company and not clearly by its taxed corporate stock and shares.

One section provides that every taxable person or corporation shall furnish the assessors a written statement of all taxable property. Every evidence of [illegible] shall be uncollectible [illegible] on it.

The assessment books the amount secured by dower, mortgage, judgment, ground rent or charge, upon the premises of any taxable person, firm, association or corporation and deduct the same from the valuation of the encumbered property, provided, said taxable person, firm, association or corporation shall pay the yearly amount of tax upon such dower, mortgage, judgment or charge to the collector of the tax, which amount the said taxable person, firm, association or corporation shall be entitled to offset as payment for interest or principal upon said dower, mortgage, judgment, ground rent or charge. License taxes upon wholesale and retail venders of merchandise are repealed. The Auditor General and State Treasurer shall annually fix the tax rate upon the capital stock and shares of private corporations subject to tax.

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Catalogue and Price Lists

On application.

Sept3--6tf.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn	$7,078,220
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,185,710
Phœnix, of London	5,266,370
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,975
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,160
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,580

As the agencies are direct, policies are written or the insured without delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-

GRAND JURORS FOR FEBRUARY TERM, 1887.

Bloom—Jonathan Cromis, Albert Herbine, Fred Beaver—Jacob Longenberger, S. P. Johnson, John A. Breisch.
Benton—Joshua Hess.
Berwick—H. R. Bower, Mathias Frantz, Levi Bredbenner.
Briarcreek—Lakman Martz.
Catawissa—Jacob Haines.
Conyngham.—James Kostenbauder.
Fishingcreek—Jare Hide.
Locust—S. S. Stine, Wm. Heiwig, Augustus Koons, Francis Rhodes.
Madison—C. H. Fruit.
Main—G. W. Shuman.
Mifflin—J. G. Swank.
Mt. Pleasant—John Johnson, B. Whitenight.
Scott—Wm. Schectaterly.

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Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
Oct. 24, 1

TRIAL LIST FOR FEBRUARY TERM, 1887.

Fred'k Hossler to use &c vs D H & W R R Co.
John Waters and wife vs M C Woodward.
William H Yorgey vs Locust Mt Water Co.
John Hinterliter et ux vs Lloyd Brandon et al.
Joseph Hess' ex'rs vs Francis L Hess.
Albert E Cadow vs D L & W R R Co.
Theo F Craig vs Mahala Craig et al.
Charles W McKelvy et al vs C B Brockway.
Jonas Doty's admrs et al vs John Sult.
Patrick Burns vs L A Riley & Co.
G B Serbert vs S M Hess
O B Millard vs John Snyder.
C B Brockway vs Columbia County.
A K Smith vs Samuel Brugler.
J B Patton vs A P Heller.
Eleanor Lockard's heirs vs Sam'l F. Hidley's Exr.
Curtis Mfg Co vs Clark I Thomas.
David Jones vs John Whitenight.
Wm Krickbaum vs John B Casey.
Columbia County Treas. vs Wm Krickbaum et al.
" " " "
L H Fowler vs C D Fowler.
Columbia County Treas. vs Wm Krickbaum et al.
Andrew Fowler vs C D Fowler.
J H Hoyt vs Boro of Berwick.
Franklin Yocum, guardian vs Wm Zahner et al.
Mathias Kindt vs Charles Sands et al.
Jonas Rantz vs Isabella Rantz.
William Krickbaum vs Columbia County.
John C Yocum vs Susan Brumbach.
Sarah J Hosler, trustee, vs Gideon Michael.
Peter Good's Ex'rs vs Nelson Freas et al.
Maud A Hartman vs Wm F Welliver.
J. D. Fisher vs Zachariah Kretschcr.
S W Adams vs A B Croop.
M A Markle vs Berwick Borough.
Wolf and Schive vs J W Wintersteen et ux.

TRAVERSE JURORS FOR FEBRUARY TERM, 1887.

Bloom—James C. Sterner, D. Lowenberg, Chas. Tittle, Wm. Gigger, Nathan Cromis, H. W. McReynolds.
Benton—Cyrus B. Hess, Alfred Rantz.
Berwick—C. H. Zehnder, C. D. Fowler, Chas. Brader.
Briarcreek—H. M. Evans, Isaac Reece, A. B. Croop.
Centre—Andrew Lunger, Samuel Creveling.
Fishingcreek—John Fealer, [illegible] J. Knouse.
Greenwood—Hugh Fairman, [illegible]seph Redline.
Hemlock—Hiram Reece.
Locust—Geo. Getty, Samuel Reinbold, Andrew Boyer, Clinton Hower.
Madison—Allison Essick, G. C. Runyan, J. M. Girton.
Mifflin—Samuel Snyder.
Orange—Henry Getty.
Scott—Wm. Pettit, David Whitmire, Geo. Keichner.
Sugarloaf—Thomas H. Smith, Al. Harvey.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—B. F. Gilmore, Wm. Shaffer, J. Saltzer, C. B. Robbins, L. D. Kase, Freas Brown.
Beaver—John Houck.
Benton—William Ash, Daniel Shultz.
Berwick—Wm. J. Knorr, B. F. Crispin, Jr., Sam'l K. Heller.
Catawissa—Wm. G. Yetter, David Gilm, Allen Barndt, F. P. Kiefer, Amos Hile, Jacob Swank, Chas. Kreigh.
Centralia—Henry Steele.
Conyngham—Pat. McDermott, Sylvester Hoffman.
Fishingcreek—A. L. Chapin.
Franklin—Wilson Rider.
Greenwood—Eyer Allen, Samuel Parker.
Hemlock—Wm. Miller, Jr.
Jackson—Michael Hartman.
Locust—James Bird.
Madison—John Cox.
Mifflin—I. K. Schweppenhiser, J. D. Houck.
Orange—Amos Neyhard, H. Melick.
Roaringcreek—Abraham Winter.
Sugarloaf—Clinton Cole.

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